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THE BRITISH BACKLASH

Thousands now mobilising in protest against the immigrant invasion (see page two)



The backlash comes!

The long-suffering silent majority of the British people, famously slow to anger when it comes to politics, seem at long last to be rising up and hitting back. The last few months have witnessed a number of quite extraordinary – and to our rulers positively frightening – developments in the way of popular backlash against the latter's long catalogue of mismanagement and treason.

Last Summer saw the great countryside march through London, which mobilised over 400,000 people from all over Britain -- in protest, just nominally, against the projected ban on foxhunting but in truth against just about everything the left-liberal establishment stands for: the betrayal of the farmers; European Union; political correctness and in large part (though not publicly acknowledged) the immigrant invasion. Then last month an estimated million turned out in the capital to protest against the planned war on Iraq. This vast demonstration featured, predictably, Muslim groups and left-wing pacifists aplenty but it also included great

Nationalist comment

numbers of ordinary folk from Middle Britain who could not accept that British lives should be risked in George Bush's adventure. More than anything else, the demonstration was against Tony Blair and the lamentable New Labour Government.

But these huge gatherings in the metropolis have been only the tip of the iceberg. In quite small places across Southern England there have been mightily impressive protests mounted against plans to dump asylum-seekers on local communities. Leeon-Solent, in Hampshire (population 6,000) was the scene of a turnout of 2,600 angry residents who made it very clear they rejected the intruders. Just along the coast going west, in tiny Portland, Dorset, hundreds demonstrated against a similar scheme, and one

anti-asylum meeting at which, again, *several hundreds* were present. In Sittingbourne, Kent, as reported in last month's issue, local anger at a scheme to house the immigrants in a well-known hotel even had the Labour MP aligning himself with the 2,000 protesters — no doubt with a mind to the votes he'd lose if he didn't!

Another noticeable development has been the increasing numbers of articles in mainstream newspapers loudly and strongly attacking the Government over the asylum chaos and calling for a firm halt to further entry of the hundreds of thousands of free-loaders now flooding into Britain. Most significantly, a good many of these articles have come from the pens of writers who in the past have been known for their very



THE PEOPLE SPEAK A section of the 2,600 crowd of anti-asylum protesters in Lee on Solent (population 6,000).

intrepid protester (or two) even started a fire on the former naval premises earmarked for the immigrants! Then next door to Brighton, Sussex, the normally quiet little seaside town of Saltdean was the scene of a volatile local liberal attitudes on immigration, for instance Melanie Phillips and Suzanne Moore. And that's not all. An extraordinary article by the former Marxist academic Bob Rowthorn appeared in *Prospect* magazine last month arguing that mass immigration is of little economic benefit while at the same time being a threat to Britain's national identity.

Then no less a personage than the Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Rowan Williams, he of formerly impeccable left-liberal credentials (how otherwise would he have got the job?), astounded the Establishment by approving the idea that all asylum-seekers should be locked up until they got security clearance. While totally inadequate in terms of what actually needs to be done to stop the invasion, this was quite extraordinary coming from the source it did.

When leading mainstream journalists like Phillips and Moore, as well as the Primate of the Church of England, say the things they have recently been saying about immigration, it can only mean one thing: their nostrils scent a massive popular wave of feeling in that direction and they feel the need to respond to it. Of course, in the case of newspaper writers they are answerable to their editors and the latter thus to their owners. Owners are interested only in circulation: when circulation requirements rule that immigration issues, so long swept under

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the carpet, must be addressed and public anger over them assuaged, that is what newspaper owners must do, or they risk going out of business – unless, like *The Guardian* or *The Observer*, they cater for a limited market of upper and middle-class ideological snobs who like to spit on the ordinary man or woman in the street.

All this tremendous movement of public opinion in Britain has been reflected in the recent electoral successes of the British National Party, which only last month won another council seat to add to the four it already had. Let this be clearly understood: the BNP has grown in popular support not because it has moved to an overtly more 'liberal' position on race and immigration but because, on the contrary, the British people, roused by what they have seen happening to their country and their own neighbourhoods, have moved towards the BNP. This was always going to happen as a consequence of the inexorable tide of revulsion against the politics of the post-1945 era; it has only been a matter of when.

Let us not get all this out of perspective. Only a small fraction of the thousands who have been turning out and protesting would right now actually join the BNP. The great majority of them are a-political people who would probably claim (at least publicly) that they are not 'racists'. But they are people who would never have dreamt of going on such demonstrations a short few years ago. Their presence out in the open shows how far public anger has developed, and the potential this provides for a national movement of patriotic folk in times to come.

You can push the people so far and no further. Or, as President Lincoln once said, you cannot fool all of them all of the time. The people are now waking up. They have been doing so in France, Belgium, Italy, Austria and Denmark for a few years now. Now in once-sleepy, apathetic, politically docile Britain, they are at last snapping out of their torpor. The backlash has begun. The old-gang politicians are really running scared. And with good reason!

Blair's war drive descends to sick farce

The sheer phoniness of Tony Blair's warmongering campaign to whip up the British public in support of a military attack on Iraq reached new levels of exposure last month which made the vast anti-war demonstration in London seem all the more appropriate and unsurprising.

TV news-watchers are now getting thoroughly used to Tony's constant regurgitation of the theme of 'weapons of mass-destruction' to the point at which his use of it has become pure self-caricature. The words trip off his lips, in that mincing feminine



All part of building up the 'war' atmosphere: light tanks at Heathrow. What trick will they try next?

voice he has, like the pronouncement of a well-trained parrot. Note that it is always 'weapons of mass-destruction', not 'dangerous weapons', 'a dangerous arsenal', 'a formidable array of firepower', 'a destructive force', 'a war-making capacity'. No, always 'weapons of mass-destruction'. Can Tony not learn other lines? Or has he been ordered by his spin-doctors (or possibly those of President Bush) to repeat this phrase constantly because careful research into mass psychology has told them that it is the most potent verbal combination for brainwashing the – as yet – reluctant masses of the people?

Last month we witnessed a frantic 'terror alert' at Heathrow Airport, upon which location descended masses of police and soldiery brandishing machine guns and accompanied even by light tanks - yes, tanks! The absurdity of this operation was not lost on numerous TV and press commentators, who were loud in their suggestions that the alert was just a big put-up job from the very beginning, intended to scare the public into support for a war for which, so far, they have shown little enthusiasm. Just what use tanks would be in combatting terrorists hiding bombs in suitcases or concealing missilelaunchers in the backs of motor vans was not explained. One can just see Tony conferring with his security chiefs. "What about putting in Challengers?" he might have suggested. "No," would have been the probable reply. "They're so big it would look ridiculous and the public might smell a rat. But light tanks with smaller guns? And plenty of armed police and troops? Yes, that'd create a scary effect without looking too much like over-

But of course, the pantomime had little effect. We have reached the point at which millions of the British public regard Blair & Co. as such a pack of liars they wouldn't be

believed even if a really genuine terrorist threat occurred and they tried to warn everybody. This is the danger that this contemptible Government has now created in the defenceless, border-less country to which they have reduced the United kingdom.

Meanwhile, new indication of government dishonesty - and of the politicians' utter disdain for the intelligence of their public - was provided when it was revealed that a special dossier that had been prepared showing 'evidence' of Saddam Hussein's diabolical warlike intentions was in fact just a crib from a PhD paper produced by an anti-Saddam Iraqi student in Monterey, California, back in 1991. Not only are we governed by a bunch of wholesale liars but they're lazy liars to boot! They couldn't even be bothered to fabricate a document based on up-to-date facts allied to their own imaginary powers; they had to do a copy of someone else's work, prepared 12 years ago, to save themselves the trouble!

In saner times this kind of exposed trickery would have brought a government down. It would, at the very least, have brought forth a massive blast of denunciation from the leader of the Opposition which would have reverberated from one end of the country to the other. But this is 2003, folks! It's all par for the course. A clumsy swindle? Well, yes. They should be a bit more thorough next time. But all is soon forgotten. What rabbit will Tone pull out of the hat next?

Well, the bought press tried to pull another one out last month by suggesting that Britain and her neighbours should show their 'gratitude' to America for World War II by supporting Bush's war. So now nations go to war out of gratitude! Can the level of national debate possibly become stupider?

It has all become a squalid vaudeville act – parading as government. We really cannot sink any lower – or can we?

With British Nationalism now on the march...

BEWARE THE ESTABLISHMENT'S DIRTY TRICKS!

AS we have made clear in our monthly commentary in this issue, the long-awaited British White Backlash is at last getting underway! The public apathy which has strangled efforts of nationalists to build mass support in this country is finally evaporating and ever larger numbers of people are getting angry, marching, demonstrating and going to meetings – all disgusted, not only at the Government, but at all the mainstream parties, the feeble Tories not excluded.

And the British National Party has started to reap the benefit of this rising anger, with some magnificent election results – the winning of a council seat in Halifax, in Yorkshire, being the latest example.

In all these developments, there are now tremendous opportunities ahead of us – opportunities we have hoped for and worked for for many years but been denied because national conditions were not yet ripe for a great popular political revolt, as they are now becoming.

But at the same time it means that there are also tremendous dangers. We need to be aware of those dangers and prepared to meet and deal with them.

No one is more aware of the potential for a breakthrough for nationalism in Britain today than its sworn enemies: the Government; the political Left; the Government's various ancillary agencies; the media; the bogus 'Opposition' (for which read Tories); and above all of them the globalist élite, which controls and manipulates the puppet-strings on which dangle today's pathetic 'bought' political leaders and their parties – in a word, the 'Establishment'.

ESTABLISHMENT RESPONSE

Do not imagine that this Establishment is going to sit idly by and passively accept this massive popular surge towards nationalism and racial self-awakening on the part of the British people. It is going to leave no stone unturned to stop it – if necessary by the dirtiest methods.

And this has already started. Elsewhere in this issue we reveal the details of a vicious and cowardly night-time assault on the BNP's victorious Halifax councillor – an assault which we firmly believe was carried out by members of the Government's security services. We believe, however, that physical threats, although we should be on the lookout for them, are not likely to constitute the main thrust of the state apparatus in its efforts to stop the nationalist surge.

Much more likely - and much more potent and

dangerous – is the long-used strategy of Divide-and-Conquer. This has been a well-tried method – and at times a very successful one – in neutralising nationalism in Britain.

The main instruments of this strategy of Divideand-Conquer are government and other hostile agents who have been placed in nationalist organisations, or otherwise recruited within those organisations and 'turned', and whose brief is to cause trouble.

ENEMY AGENTS ACTIVE

We at *Spearhead* have long believed that several such agents are currently active in the nationalist movement in Britain, including the BNP but not solely the BNP.

And we believe it likely that, following our recent election successes, there will shortly be a new initiative from these sources to divide and fragment nationalism in Britain – particularly the BNP.

Exactly what form this initiative will take cannot be known, but we can make educated guesses based on our experience and common sense.

We suspect that very soon there will be some people who will seize upon internal differences within the BNP to incite people to quit the party and join one or another existing rival group, or alternatively a new rival group yet to be established. In fact, this is already occurring but we think it probable that it will be stepped up a gear very soon.

And we should not ignore the possibility that a different kind of Divide-and-Conquer manoeuvre will be attempted by elements within the ranks of Conservatism – appealing to people frustrated by the leftward drift of the party under lain Duncan Smith but jealous and resentful of the BNP because lacking in the courage to join and support it themselves. In modern times Toryism has become a synonym for treachery, and is thus very vulnerable to infiltration by the agents of treachery. Can we expect a new Tory splinter group to be launched soon and BNP members encouraged to join? We would not be surprised.

As we have said before, to be forewarned is to be forearmed. BNP members and supporters must now be especially vigilant against attempts to split the party by one or another of these often clever-sounding formulae. It's all been done before, but there are always new suckers willing to fall for it.

We say it again: the BNP is Britain's one hope. Don't be diverted from it. Stick by it!

The things they're saying

Thank heavens for Germany and France; and Russia too. They seem the only effective resistance to an Anglo-American attack on Iraq without even the United nations blessing. Whether they will stick it out remains to be seen. The UN inspectors' report today may change the data – though without tackling the basic argument: whether any weapons of mass destruction have been aimed at us...

We are... warned that the Franco-German position endangers NATO. Perhaps it does; but it is worth remembering that this organisation was created to deal with the perceived Soviet threat. That no longer exists. NATO is, in fact, a fascinating example of bureaucratic determinism.

The reason for the organisation's existence disappears. But a grand array of officials (and headquarters) has been created. They want to prolong NATO.

ANDREW ALEXANDER Daily Mail (14.2.03)

The Prime Minister, who recently revealed that it was Britain's destiny' to join the Euro, has been looking into his crystal ball again and announced to a parliamentary committee last week that it was 'inevitable' that Britain would sooner or later be the target of an al-Qaida attack.

No one had the bad taste to suggest that if it was as inevitable as all that, then that might have something to do with the fact that ever since September Blair has gone out of his way very publicly to associate Britain with the Americans and their semi-literate President.

Blair's intention on this occasions was perhaps simply to frighten the children, to make them more sympathetic towards the projected attack on Iraq, though how that would do anything to frustrate al-Qaeda neither he nor Mr. Bush have so far managed to explain.

RICHARD INGRAMS The Observer (26.1.03)

If we go to war I shall not stop criticising this folly. Our troops will not be fighting for this country, but for another country and against Britain's interests...

This war is part of an ill-thought-out American plan to obtain a strategic foothold in the Middle East. This will only work if America stays in Iraq for decades, and even then will be very hard to manage.

Yet it is already clear that Washington does not intend to hang around in Baghdad any longer than it has to, and that British troops will be given the job of policing the 'democracy' which is supposed to appear by magic once Saddam has gone.

Why? We couldn't afford to do this in

EXTRACTS FROM THE MAINSTREAM MEDIA

1921, when we invented Iraq by drawing some lines on a map, and we certainly cannot now. In return for this humiliating role, what do we get?

America has already forced us to surrender to the IRA. It wants to shove us into a European federal state. If we are such valued allies, why are we treated like this? It is time we had a government which stood up for this country's independence.

PETER HITCHENS The Mail on Sunday (9.2.03)

Government officials were quick to dismiss suggestions that the great anti-terrorist operation at Heathrow might be a public relations exercise, the object being to put the public in the right mood for the coming war. "These issues," said a spokesman sternly, "are far too important to mess around with."

So they are. But so familiar has 'spin' become, so well established is the Government's reputation for manipulating the news, that the first reaction of many people is to suspect that messing around is precisely what has been going on.

We have learnt to disbelieve everything the Government says. When the war actually begins, shall we suspect it is just a case of 'burying' news of the latest misfortunes of English cricketers in Africa?

PETER SIMPLE The Daily Telegraph (14.2.03)

There is long-term legal and political inconsistency between the treatment of Israel and other countries in the region, and the greatest weakness in America's case on Iraq is that it shows no signs of acknowledging its history of favouritism.

In the past 30 years America has votoed 34 resolutions that criticise Israel and seek to restrain its behaviour...

Over three decades Arabs have come to understand that the cards are stacked against them. What is important, but rarely understood, in the United States is that each case against Israel seems just as compelling in Arab eyes as the need for Saddam's disarmament is to George Bush.

HENRY PORTER The Observer (16.2.03)

Our response to another headline, 'Met leads hunt for network of fanatics', must be that this hunt is already too late and at a disadvantage – the first line of defence lay with the immigration authorities who have failed

In effect, we have no borders. For 'Open Sesame!' we now say 'Asylum'. It has worked for seemingly pathetic souls from Kosovo, Albania and Turkey who are now

revealed as the barons of prostitution and the drug trade; it has worked for Africans, importing children for whatever fate and, once the door was open, in came the Yardies from Jamaica and yet more Africans importing bush meat.

Most of these should have been halted at the airport and sent back pronto whence they came

BRIAN SEWELL Evening Standard, London (21.1.03)

How long before all those hundreds of thousands of illegal immigrants get the vote? If American experience is anything to go by, there will soon be calls for a mass amnesty, and the armies of asylum-seekers will magically qualify for full citizenship. If we had an Opposition, they would be acting to prevent this now, before it is too late to stop it.

PETER HITCHENS The Mail on Sunday (2.2.03)

Your front page informed us that David Blunkett is arranging for asylum-seekers to live in hotels such as the Coniston with its *en-suite* facilities, restaurant, etc. We then read that Nurse Lisa Shipway, who serves the community at Great Ormond Street hospital (Home) has been living in the nurses' dormitory sharing bathroom facilities with 30 others.

LESLIE JONES Letter in *The Sunday Times* (2.2.03)

According to a survey, the happiest people in Britain are married, right-wing protest-

(Although probably not in Northern Ireland).

The most miserable are short, unhealthy left-wingers. They are deeply neurotic and suspicious of others.

You don't need a survey to work that out. Just look at the hideous, contorted faces of the spotty vegetarians on your average demonstration.

It always cheers me up to see just how unhappy they look.

Unfortunately, they all manage to get jobs in the public sector and devote their lives to trying to make the rest of us as bloody miserable as they are.

RICHARD LITTLEJOHN The Sun (21.1.03)

The report last week that Rupert Murdoch has 'signalled' that Mr. Blair can expect the support of his newspaper empire if military action (*against Iraq*) begins will have surprised few people.

RICHARD INGRAMS The Observer (16.2.03)

Time for us to start acting again like a

WHEN Tony Blair flew to Washington at the end of January to meet George W. Bush it was his fifth visit in the two years and a bit since Dubya attained office. This prompted Peter McKay in the *Daily Mail* (27.1.03) to ask: "Why doesn't the President ever come here?" He went on to say of Blair: "He's the messenger boy. He tries to sell other nations the President's message..."

But this more or less describes the role of British prime ministers ever since World War II - a role which they have been quite willing to play in the manner of employees summoned to the boss's office ready to receive their latest orders. Normally, if politicians are prepared to demean themselves in that way that is their business, but in this case it is their country that is demeaned. McKay. in asking the question about Blair and Bush. raised a matter which should have been the subject of far more media comment over the years than it actually has - which suggests that we British as a nation have become so well accustomed to accepting lackey status vis-a-vis the United States that scarcely an eyebrow is raised when our head of government hops across the Atlantic on one of his frequent courtesy calls. "Where's the PM today?" "He's in Washington, didn't you know?" "Of course, it just shows how quickly time comes round!"

Newspapers of late have been full of speculation on Tony's latest role. It is, many of them suggest, to act as mediator between the United States and Europe in the current Iraq confrontation. But some others prefer to place the emphasis on the Premier's efforts to act as a 'moderating influence' on the American President - much the same thing in different language. Blair himself sought to clarify things a little while ago. Britain, he announced, is uniquely placed to act as a bridge between Europe and America - while being too modest, course, to speak of his own position as the personification of that process. Mediator; moderating influence; bridges - it all sounds very noble and grand to those who confuse verbal sound-effects with political reality.

Harold Macmillan in his day had his own way of putting it. It is Britain's role, he opined, to act the part of Greece to America's Rome; to be the restraining influence of maturity and wisdom upon youthful power.

This sounded most impressive to Tories of the 1950s, who desperately sought in fine words some compensation for their loss of will to maintain Britain's imperial and greatpower status. It even titillated their tired and senile concept of 'patriotism'.

Since the Macmillan era, of course, the parameters of allowable debate on British foreign policy have been fixed and unquestioned. Do we have an Atlantic destiny or a

JOHN TYNDALL looks at the idiocies and disasters of recent British policy

European one? Or should we, as Mr. Blair would maintain, have both? In other words, back to mediators, moderating influences and bridges again!

In this article I propose to make the revolutionary – and, to many, outrageous – suggestion that Britain's proper destiny in



BLAIR IN WARLORD MODE
Here is the Premier during one of his
incessant visits to America, where he struts
and postures while at home Britain sinks
into chaos.

nation

the future, as in its better past, is to be a sovereign, independent and once again powerful nation in her own right - her relations with other states being not fixed, least of all based on perceived common ideology, but solely dictated by considerations of current national interest - considerations which are subject to constant change as the world around us changes. To put it another way, we should not see ourselves as having either an Atlantic destiny or a European destiny but solely a British destiny which we should pursue relentlessly and with single-minded determination, with all other alliances, associations, pacts and agreements consigned to their proper place: ephemeral arrangements subject to the criteria of passing national need. If there is one exception to this rule - a matter of principle and of permanence, rather than pure expediency – it is that we should pursue a close political, economic and cultural relationship with overseas communities of British inheritance and British (or at least mainly British) stock. These communities apart, we owe nothing to other nations, nor do they owe anything to us. We may regard them with friendship and affection; we may, on the other hand, look upon them with hostility and dislike; we may admire their societies and political systems or we may abhor those things. But none of this has the slightest bearing on whether we do business with them or not, whether we support their wars or not, whether we welcome their leaders to our shores or not, whether we send our leaders to their shores or not. All this diplomatic activity should have one overriding rule: it should be considered in accordance with the question of whether Britain's strength, independence, wealth and welfare are thereby strengthened or weakened. Nothing else is relevant.

Successful principles

These were the guiding principles of British foreign policy throughout the centuries of our expansion from small island to great empire, no matter how much it was sometimes thought necessary to dress them up in the finery of noble ideals and motives. As mass opinion began to count in political calculations, what with the development of modern communications media, cold and clinical considerations of realpolitik - however much they remained valid - were thought to need some moral reinforcement. Hence Britain would go and fight for what was 'right' and against the forces of 'evil'. She would be a crusader for 'freedom' and against 'tyranny'. This simple sloganising appealed to the feminine element in the public conscience, particularly important after the winning of women's suffrage; but as long as the underlying national objectives remained the same all was well. When, of course, politicians actually came to believe their own rhetoric and really paid credence to the idea that wars were fought for other aims beyond national advantage - that vast expenditures of British blood and money were justified in the service of pure ideological abstractions, quite regardless of any ruinous effects upon our wealth and power as a nation - we were on the slippery slope to national impotence.

And it is in this state of impotence that Britain today pathetically postures on the world stage, desperately seeking a 'role' that enables her to feel important - and, more essentially still, for her pygmies of political leaders to feel important. Hence Tony's gigantic self-deception that he is a big player in the current war games focused on the Middle East. Hence his craving for a regular pat on the head from the occupant of the White House. Hence the totally ersatz flagwaving as media propagandists play upon a natural and justified pride in the quality of our servicemen and women while they are dispatched to the battle zone with rifles that won't fire properly, tanks that break down in desert conditions, aircraft that are woefully under-maintained and even boots that have to be purchased privately - or otherwise scrounged from the Americans.

Just play-acting

And all of this is in pursuit of a conflict that has absolutely nothing to do with any tangible British interest. It is all a massive distraction. It is pure international playacting as a substitute for grappling with problems at home: hospitals; transport; schools; crime; immigration; social breakdown; the erosion of manufacturing industry; the ruin of the countryside; and so much else. We have a system of government totally incapable of getting to grips with these problems, and we have rulers of a human calibre simply not up to solving them even given the finest political system ever devised.

So all that is left to the politicians is pretence: the quixotic creation of windmills with which to do battle, and the conjuring up of 'causes' – 'peace', 'freedom', 'democ-

racy', 'equality', 'human rights', the 'international community', 'anti-racism', the 'celebration of diversity' – see if you can think of a few more!

It isn't as if *all* these causes are wrong. Some of them may be perfectly alright, depending on context. We would all rather have peace than have war. We would all rather have freedom than have slavery. But these things are mere slogans as used in the present debate. They bear little relation to success or failure in the real world. They are irrelevant to our current British need, which essentially is one of *national capability*: of health, strength, efficiency and power as a nation — without which nothing meaningful can be done in the world, in pursuit of whatever ideals.

I quoted the historian Correlli Barnett last month and I will quote him again. In the preface to his latest major work *The Verdict of Peace* he summed up almost perfectly what should be the purpose of all national politics:-

"The book - again like its predecessors is written from the standpoint of 'Total Strategy', a concept first defined in the preface to The Collapse of British Power in 1972 as 'strategy conceived as encompassing all the factors relevant to preserving or extending the power and prosperity of a human group in the face of rivalry from other human groups.' The fundamental factor in the total strategy of a nation lies in industrial and commercial performance, for it is this which determines power and wealth alike. Yet that performance is in turn governed by a nation's character: its skills, energy, ambition, discipline, adaptability and enterprise; its beliefs and myths. Moreover, national character also governs other key factors making for totalstrategic strength: cohesiveness and efficiency in social and political structures; dexterity, foresight and willpower in the conduct of foreign and domestic policies."

Lest it be argued that Barnett has omitted here the numerous humanitarian considerations that so exercise 'liberal' thinkers and theorists, the immediate answer is that these things fall naturally within the sphere of "cohesiveness and efficiency in social and political structures." A nation which neglects to care for the needy among its people - the genuinely needy, that is - will not enjoy social cohesion, and thus will not be efficient or strong. Conversely, a strong and efficient nation is the essential precondition for the effective carrying out of humanitarian good works. In the present state of Britain's public services, particularly health, we see ample enough demonstration of this truth.

So what we should really be concerning ourselves about is whether we have the resources – political, economic, military and above all human – to survive as a nation, to do what is right for ourselves, to protect our interests and, when and where possible, to

advance them. This - and this beyond anything else - should be the focus of politicians. But for that to happen we need a new breed and type of politician, as remote from the present ones as creatures from another planet: a politician utterly dedicated to national aims, focused on national requirements, and schooled in the arts and sciences of government necessary for the building of strong and successful nations; a politician immune to the baying of the mob; a politician fired by the spirit of public service, above ambition and placemanship; a politician of a type completely absent from the present Tory/Lib/Lab parliamentary harlequinade.

No 'role'

Former US Secretary of State Dean Acheson once famously said of Britain that she had lost an empire and not yet found a role. Britain, in its turn, has ever since been hypnotised by those not very profound words. In fact, the words are as misleading a guide to how we should be thinking and acting as a nation as it is possible to get. The fact that Britain no longer rules India, a large slice of Africa and myriad other colonies and dependencies across the oceans of the world is completely irrelevant to her actual power and capability as a nation; it was irrelevant when we did rule these territories and it is irrelevant now. To have shed the illusion that we are somehow responsible for governing, financing and defending these scattered possessions, at a vast expenditure of national resources for no comparable national gain, ought to be a saving - and thus an augmentation - of strength rather than a cause of weakness.

Always essential in the old Empire – and the sole justification for its upkeep – were our relations with what we used to call the 'White Dominions', which together constituted a treasure house of national resources, living space and, above all, sturdy and vigorous *people* which, co-ordinated properly with the Motherland, would have placed Britain in a uniquely favourable position to retain her great-power status in the modern world.

And it was never 'inevitable' that these countries should have drifted away from Britain as has tended to happen over the past half-century. By the onset of World War II they possessed all the institutions of selfgovernment necessary to make their relations with the United Kingdom a purely voluntary matter, embraced willingly by their peoples as a natural consequence of kinship and, not least, community of interest. A common Australian aphorism goes: "We didn't leave Britain; Britain left us." That assertion is largely true: if anything, much more of the impetus for a breaking up of the former British World came from politicians in Westminster than from separatist senti-

Contd. overleaf

TIME FOR US TO START ACTING AGAIN LIKE A NATION

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ment overseas. If the latter is now strong and growing it is because the treason of the former was tolerated by the British electorate, led blindly by politicians and media into the *cul de sac* of 'Commonwealth' in a huge confidence trick in which, again, the contemptible Macmillan figured conspicuously.

Merely lamenting this avails us nothing, though a study of it is useful as a guide to past foolishness and future needs. As things stand now, the entire weight of Britain's national energy and will as applied to overseas affairs should be concentrated on mending the broken ties with these our kin across the oceans. If we applied to such a task one tenth of the missionary zeal presently wasted on the Third World and on military adventures in the service of American oil billionaires and Zionists, we might be surprised at what we could achieve.

This, of course, has nothing to do with that much misused word 'empire'. We are talking here about natural partnerships. If it is natural – as some suppose it is – to work to preserve a 'partnership' with a nation which left the Empire 237 years ago, and which moreover has interests which conflict with ours in numerous fields, how much more natural is it to rebuild partnership with others with whom severance is much more recent and whose interests and ours are wholly complementary?

As for Acheson's assertion that Britain has not yet "found a role," the simple reply comes in the form of a question: why should it? By what vardstick of political wisdom is it necessary for nations to seek 'roles' in the world? Indeed, one can think of historical examples enough - right up to the present day - of the truth that nations in pursuit of 'roles' cause much more trouble than they do good. The only 'role' in which a nation should be interested is the simple one of looking after itself and its own, of minding its business and working to ensure that that business is as successful and prosperous as possible. Any 'role' beyond this is pure national vanity and conceit, which deeply irritates other nations because of its implicit assumption that their affairs are in some way our legitimate preserve and concern.

Folly of internationalism

The internationalists of this planet are forever looking for 'roles' for their nations – usually to the exhaustion of those nations' strength when it comes to safeguarding their own rightful spheres of interest. No better example of this exists today than in the case of America; while she mobilises massive military force in pursuit of a 'role' in the Middle East, her own southern border seems defenceless against teeming hordes of alien

US forces in readiness for dispatch to Iraq.
The aggressive American posture is a perfect example of the truth that internationalism, rather than nationalism, is the main cause of modern war. Britain should keep out and look after herself.



immigrants, which grow in number to become a veritable fifth column in her midst.

The nationalist view is that national spheres of interest must always be paramount. And there is a further consideration: the internationalist case, which rests so heavily on the presumption that nationalism causes wars and internationalism prevents them, is in this regard by no means vindicated by history, nor by the situation in the world today. Right now the war drums are growing louder - and fighting may indeed break out before our next month's issue comes off the presses - precisely because today's global super-power, the United States, has abandoned the isolation that was the original foundation stone of its waxing strength, and is trying to play 'world policeman', invoking a completely phoney pretext for attacking Iraq when that nation could never in a thousand years ever threaten its own prosperity or security. In other words, it is global meddling - America 'playing a role' and Britain feebly trying thus to imitate her - that promises to cause death and destruction in the Middle East.

We cannot influence what America does – contrary to Tony's ludicrous supposition that this is within his mystical powers. But we can, as a nation, decide what we do. We can indeed begin, for the first time in more than half a century, to act like a nation ourselves: to concentrate on our own legitimate affairs, and to tolerate no outside interference in those affairs; to focus our energies on the rebuilding of our own strength and power; to harness our own resources – and they are not inconsiderable – to the defence and consolidation of our own interests.

Britain's potential

Britain is not a Holland or a Denmark. It is a nation of sixty million (knock off a few million ethnic future emigrants to get, perhaps, 50-55 million). It has a heritage of unrivalled technical inventiveness and native industrial skills, albeit presently allowed to fall into disuse. It has considerable domestic reserves of coal and oil. It has a magnificent fighting tradition should that be needed. And it has many more millions of ethnic kinfolk in the lands of the former Empire who could still be rallied, if not to a recovered imperium, then at least to a close alliance. That

alliance would rest neither on the favours of America nor Europe, although there is no reason for us to be enemies of either. It could be an alliance which, through a pooling of resources of research and development, could enable us to become world leaders in many new branches of technology in which we are now laggards. Through this combination, and with singular dedication to national self-interest and the building up of our own strength, we could again become a great power, if not on the scale of the USA, then at least equal in rank to, say, Germany or Japan, and fully able to forge her own destiny with her own hands.

Britain, which over past decades has been paralysed by a false sense of her weakness, is in fact potentially immensely strong – once she sheds current liberal illusions and fallacies about her global 'obligations' and becomes firmly focused on her own national development to the subordination of all else.

That is how other nations – the USA, Russia, Japan, Germany – became great powers. It is what we have to do to ensure we have a future alongside them.

THOUGHT FOR THE MONTH

The words defeat and victory thus divide into two sharply defined sets of meanings: the military and the political. Although the armies in the field may be on the winning side, nevertheless the unit to which they supposedly belong may emerge from the war with less power than it entered upon it. I say supposedly belong for the reason that when a political unit is in the situation where even military victory means political defeat, it is not in reality an independent political unit. Thus: if there were only two powers in the world, the one gaining the military victory in a war would of necessity gain the political victory... But if there were more than two powers engaged in a war, and a military victory was gained, one or more powers must have gained the political victory, i.e. must have increased in power. Thus if any power, despite the fact that it was on the winning side in a military sense, nevertheless emerged with less power, it was in fact fighting for the political victory of another power.

FRANCIS PARKER YOCKEY
(Imperium)

The elements of British Nationalism

THIS ARTICLE does not represent the official policy of any political party; it can claim nevertheless to reflect the views of British patriots in very large measure.

Indeed, it is not too much to say that any party or individual claiming to represent British Nationalism must be seen to support the fundamentals here presented or lose credibility. Under pressure from the powerbrokers and mass media image-makers, all too many politicians are prone to betray the hard work and loyalty of their supporters; so their performance in respect of the five fundamentals can serve as a kind of litmus test. Without wasting time on detailed rebuttals, this article should also expose the malignant misrepresentations of the mass media and hostile politicians on what British Nationalism is really about. It would suit anti-patriotic elements in this country to keep authentic patriots constantly on the back foot trying to extricate themselves from vicious calumnies. We are therefore well advised to concentrate on stating our own case in terms that leave little scope for misrepresentation by our enemies.

The Five Fundamentals

- 1. Preserve the territorial boundaries and constitutional integrity of the United Kingdom, comprising England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.
- 2. Restore and maintain the status of the United Kingdom as an independent and wholly self-governing nation-
- 3. Preserve the racial character of the British population as predominantly Anglo-Saxon and Celtic, and wholly European, in ancestry.
- 4. Ensure that all economic and business decisions help to increase Britain's self-sufficiency, provide full employment and strengthen our position as a trading nation.
- 5. Ensure that social, economic and taxation policies are supportive of the two-parent family, a rising birthrate and children's welfare.

Any of these five policies may of course be separately endorsed by individuals according to their own set of priorities. The fact remains that all five must co-exist in any individual or party claiming to be British Nationalist. This is not an arbitrary posture or *diktat*; none of the five fundamentals can be achieved without the others to provide the necessary support and environment.

Each policy element will now be expanded enough to expose the main features and implications. Many nationalist publications, and most notably John Tyndall's outstanding book *The Eleventh Hour*, deal

FRANK KIMBAL JOHNSON names some fundamentals of our creed and movement

with specific issues in much greater depth and detail. As with any other political movement, there will always be dissenting voices on the definition and details of policy and the order of priorities; but provided these do not replace but only refine the founding principles the movement is not weakened thereby.

1. The United Kingdom

The achievements of the United Kingdom amount to a great deal more than the sum of its component parts. And in any event, the intermixture of English, Scottish Welsh and Ulster people over several centuries, their shared triumphs and tribulations,

We therefore regard national unity as of much greater importance than the posturings of minor politicians with essentially fraudulent and self-serving manifestos. At the same time, we should also intend giving much greater autonomy to all parts of a permanently United Kingdom

2. The Nation State.

The need to bring government 'nearer to the people' is a persistent theme of reputable political commentators. Over-centralised government feeds the self-aggrandisement and ambitions of career politicians and bureaucrats at the expense of everybody else. It is unresponsive to real public needs, tenaciously self-perpetuating, officious and hugely expensive; generally creating far more problems than it is ever capable of solving. Its standard reaction to manifest failure in any department is to create another and usually larger one. Since this applies to individual countries, all these problems can only be compounded and magnified when,



The United Kingdom: its unity and independence are of paramount importance

have forged closer national bonds than exist anywhere else in the world. Those now seeking to detach Scotland and Wales as independent 'nations' commonly reveal an unsavoury Anglophobia rather than authentic arguments to support their case. Their version of 'nationalism' is clearly oxymoronic, including as it does subordination to a synthetic European super-state and embracing a multi-racial future. So while many people in various parts of the country have good cause to be fed up with the failures of Westminster politicians, their best hope lies not in national disintegration but in radical changes in the priorities of central government. If the UK cannot succeed as a potent entity in this highly competitive world, is it seriously contended that its component parts would do better alone?

as in the EU, government is siphoned off to a remote supra-national entity.

The cold hand of Brussels bureaucracy now lies on many areas of our national life and traditional freedoms, while the British taxpayer is milked to support the incompetent, commonly corrupt and failing economies of several foreign countries. Nothing we are alleged to gain from EU membership begins to outweigh the manifold losses we thereby suffer in terms of ever-rising living costs, crippling regulations and the steady diminution of Britain's power and influence. In short, the EU is essentially parasitical in intention and effect on the most resourceful and successful countries it manages to ensnare. Allowing the infamous Edward Heath and his odious associates to

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THE ELEMENTS OF BRITISH NATIONALISM

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embroil this country in the EU will surely go down as one of the most shameful episodes in modern history. We see no hope for improving our country's fortunes inside this fraudulent and therefore invalid contract, and should therefore withdraw from it with all possible speed. We are the world's fourth largest economy, yet have a permanent trading deficit with the EU and a surplus with the rest of the world; so we have nothing at all to lose by this decision. Having achieved this liberation, we should of course always co-operate with other European countries in matters of common interest and mutual benefit.

3. The Character of Britain

All the achievements of Britain as a nation have emerged from the character of its people; and until the 1950s at least 98 per cent of those people have been of Anglo-Saxon or Celtic ancestry. We have long led the world in those fields which, taken together, constitute civilisation, and made immense contributions to the progress of other countries. But over the last 50 years an appallingly lax immigration policy has allowed a huge and continuing influx of Third World aliens which is still rising year on year. It has already reached the staged where many areas of our homeland are no longer recognisably British; and within a decade our capital city will have a nonwhite majority population. The damage to our national life is already grievous, and will soon become catastrophic and terminal.

Alarmed by mounting tensions in the indigenous population, the Establishment's only reaction has been to impose the infamous Race Acts, designed to suppress and harass any overt expressions of patriotic resistance.

But if bad government has admitted hordes of unwanted immigrants to our homeland, better government will just as surely remove them. Failing such action, there is not the slightest hope of improv- ing our standard of living and assuring our children a worthwhile future.

So the British Nationalist is of course unequivocally 'racist' – if that means inclined to discriminate in favour of his own kind and protect his homeland from alien invasion. In this he or she is acting in the same spirit as our most illustrious ancestors, and not from any disrespect for people of other races. As transient visitors, students or guest-workers, the natives of other countries can always be assured of British hospitality and courtesy. But as uninvited usurpers of our homeland and heritage they cannot expect us to be less than resolute in returning them to their own homelands. Accordingly, we reject out of

hand all talk of a 'fait accompli' and of a 'now irreversibly multi-cultural Britain'. (The Roman domination of Britain, like the Moorish domination of Spain, ended after several centuries). Genuine asylum-seekers belong in the nearest safe country to their own; and 'economic migrants', by definition, have nothing to offer this country.

Basic elements of our repatriation policy, within a 10-year time-frame, should include the following:-

- Immediate repeal of the Race Acts.
- Identity cards for all immigrants of non-European ancestry.
- A 'last-in-first-out' rule for unwanted immigrants.
- Generous financial assistance for resettlement in their countries of origin, conditional on departure by a given date.
- Immediate deportation of alien criminals.
- Exclusion from employment by Britishowned firms.
- Restricted areas of residence.
- Confiscation of assets if repatriation is resisted.
- Phasing out of immigrants' social security benefits.
- Exclusion of multi-racial politics from the mass media and educational material.

The programme should be conducted with traditional British fairness and generosity; and – pending repatriation – immigrants should enjoy the full protection of the law like everyone else. Accusations that this programme is akin to the worst excesses of Nazi Germany are not only absurd but also insulting to the British people, who should be asked to show their support in a national referendum.

4. Patriotism before profits

Multi-national corporations span the world and command resources on a scale greater than many countries. They exert enough power and influence to shape government policy to their own advantage, and with scant regard for the effect on any individual country's economy. Typically, they can close a factory in Britain and put the employees on the dole; then switch production abroad to exploit cheap labour and tax loopholes, and thereafter flood our markets with the products. Should the transfer of capital and material assets prove difficult, they will try to import cheap labour to replace British workers. Needless to say, they are fervent advocates of globalist politics and, as a step in that direction, of submerging British interests in a European super-state.

Our policy should be to make business work for Britain and not vice versa. Thus, while broadly supportive of free trade, we would not shrink from import and export controls where obviously necessary to safeguard national prosperity and security.

5. Family Values

The (preferably married) two-parent family will always be the keystone of any wholesome society. And it doesn't take a degree in sociology to realise that family breakdown is at the root of most stressrelated illness, domestic violence, child abuse, juvenile delinquency and failing social services. In recent years the institution of marriage has been undermined by media promiscuity, feminist and homosexual campaigners and the government's employment and taxation policies. And children are the main victims. Given the trivial, degenerate and violent role-models pushed in their faces by the broadcast media round the clock, small wonder there is growing contempt for parental authority and school discipline. The despairing cry of so many parents that "I can't do anything with them" arises mainly from what other people are doing to them. Our intention in government should be to give marriage top priority in matters of employment, housing, taxation and social services support. The raising of children should be encouraged and facilitated by enhanced support in pregnancy and child-care services, plus home helps, preschool nurseries and child allowances.

The wilder absurdities of feminism should be removed from certain types of employment, such as the front-line armed forces, armed police units and heavy industry. Employment law should be designed to create more jobs for men and release more women of child-bearing age for family life. Single-parent families should also get adequate support to protect childrens' welfare. Pornography and gratuitous violence should be expunged from the mass media via an editorial body representing the general public. There should be severe curtailment of contraceptives and abortions.

That such measures will inflame the most promiscuous, perverse and degenerate elements in our society is reason enough to adopt them.

Concluding Notes

There are of course many other issues engaging British Nationalists in addition to those dealt with above, and these are very adequately covered in various patriotic publications, most of them now accessible via the Internet.

Foreign policy is an extension of domestic policy, so its priorities and overall direction can be inferred from the above fundamentals.

It only remains to say that anything and everything necessary to improve Britain's quality of life and standing in the world is conditional on the above fundamental policies. And anyone dissenting from this is no friend of Britain.

Acceptance of the five fundamentals set out in this paper brings with it an obligation

Contd.on page 28

NOTHING is certain in an increasingly unpredictable world, but is does seem very possible that by the time this issue goes to press Britain will be involved in an unjust war against Iraq. This will be a war which rivals in sheer shabbiness and blatant partiality the Boer War of a century ago.

To begin, let's explore a few dark facets of our country, which as the junior partner of the US seeks to sort out the affairs of a distant land.

In February's *Prospect* magazine, Peter Wayne explored the lower depths of London. Wayne – not really a very admirable character – did us a service by revealing that each and every night there is a great crush of homeless outside the crypt shelter of St Martin's in the Fields.

One does not need to be a screaming leftie to see that there is something deeply wrong with a country that allows such conditions, especially when this is combined with asylum-seekers staying in three and four-star hotels. Then again, beside the usual weekly crop of 1,000-plus redundancies, we have such symptoms of rampant decay and degeneracy as a young girl being battered to death yards from her suburban London home.

The press briefly became interested in the huge paedophile scandal of 'Operation Ore', with a *Guardian* report commenting that two New Labour ex-ministers were implicated in the ring being investigated. Since then there has been silence about this particular aspect of the scandal, which makes one suspicious that some form of informal 'nod-and-wink' gagging has been suggested to various editors.

Without expressing any sympathy with the alleged perverts already exposed, we should never forget that throwing entertainers to the wolves helps to divert attention away from really powerful, who can get away with far worse misdeeds. According to rumour, leading paedophiles have been holding high office (not necessarily elective) in both the Labour and Conservative parties. Whatever else the media say against the Iraqi leadership, it's pretty certain that Saddam and his ministers or party colleagues don't get up to such distasteful shenanigans!

The soldiers, sailors and airmen who are forced to do the dirty work of the New World Order are obviously much finer characters than the cowardly inciters to war who slink about in Washington and London. But really, it is the height of foolishness to fight for such a society against a non-enemy thousands of miles away.

Now all of the endless duff chatter emanating from the parliamentary poltroons about Iraqi weapons of mass destruction reminds me that the only time a European city has been doused with depleted uranium and dimethyl methylphosphonate (a component of the deadly nerve gas sarin) was when the Israeli El Al flight 1862 crashed into Amsterdam some years ago.

All of the talk about Al Qaeda and Iraq should be countered by saying that the outfit with the closest links of all to Bin Laden's organisation is the CIA, which basically created the whole movement to

Now is the time as never before to set our thinking straight

If Blair and Bush seek to find weapons of mass destruction and a threat to world peace, they are looking in the wrong place, says IAN BUCKLEY

use against the Soviets in Afghanistan. The CIA spent billions on this move, but it also shouldn't be forgotten that Margaret Thatcher and Geoffrey Howe arranged to send a few millions of British taxpayers' money to Afghan rebels.

Drivel from Blair about such dubious claims is typical of a weak, verbose man who deals with the PR needs of the New World Order rather than any of the real issues.



SHARON
"Wants to escalate the conflict"

After the Second World War, Churchill and General George Patton realised (belatedly) that they had been responsible for some mistaken decisions. But nowadays we have to face the fact – as we antagonise potential friends and grovel to potential enemies – that some foolish decisions could be the last we'll ever make.

ISRAELI BLOWS THE GAFF

Let me elaborate: how does the prospect of Israeli missile attacks on Europe strike you, involving hundreds of nuclear, biological and chemical warheads? Let's listen to the words of military historian Martin van Creveld, professor at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem, recorded in an interview published by the Dutch magazine Elsevier.

Midway through the interview van

Creveld said that Israeli leader Sharon wants to escalate the conflict still further, starting with the mass deportation of Palestinians. Then the following chilling exchange took place:-

INTERVIEWER: "Do you think that the world will allow that kind of ethnic cleansing?"

CREVELD: "That depends on who does it and how quickly it happens. We possess several hundred atomic warheads and rockets and can launch them at targets in all directions, perhaps even at Rome. Most European capitals are targets for our air force."

The interviewer then proceeded to ask if this wouldn't mean that Israel would become a rogue state, and van Creveld told us that:-

"Let me quote General Moshe Dayan: 'Israel must be like a mad dog, too dangerous to bother.' I consider it all hopeless at this point. We shall have to try to prevent things from coming to that, if at all possible. Our armed forces, however, are not the thirtieth strongest in the world, but rather the second or third. We have the capability to take the world down with us. And I can assure you that that will happen, before Israel goes under." [IB's emphasis]

When I first read this interview, it was in the form of a few choice excerpts. It seemed a little hard to believe, so I did a bit more investigation and got hold of the full text of the exchange, which makes it clear – as the edited version does not – that van Creveld himself does not approve of these projected future horrors.

This, however, is but a minor point of detail. Such maniacal ideas dominate a considerable section of Israeli opinion, from Sharon through to the messianic movements of the settlers on the stolen lands of the Arabs

They, at least, have long dreamed of striking down 'Amalek', their word for Germans, or indeed other Europeans perceived as hostile. Such thinking as this was also the reasoning (if that's the right word) behind plans for mass poisoning of Germans in the immediate post-war years,

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NOW IS THE TIME AS NEVER BEFORE TO SET OUR THINKING STRAIGHT

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as recorded in John Sack's book An Eye for an Eve.

All of the above surely puts all the media hype about al Qaeda and hookhanded mad Muslim clerics into a rather different perspective. It would seem that the West is endangered by a monster of its own creation.

WHO'S LOSING PATIENCE?

Let us also remember that Sharon's men in the US – most notably Perle, Feith and Wolfowitz – may well view things along the same lines. This surely gives a whole new angle to the stories that the US government is losing patience with Europe over its lukewarm attitude to war! Bear in mind too that British premiers from

Thatcher to Blair have been at pains to point out their friendship and even loyalty to this state.

Maybe we are all Palestinians now.*
View it like this: an inner circle of oppression by way of shootings, demolitions and curfews as seen in the Occupied Territories plus an outer circle of more subtle – but still palpable – control by new-fangled laws, debt and TV brainwashing. If the New World Order proceeds for much longer, then the 'outer circle' of Europe and America may take on some characteristics of the inner one of Palestine.

Britain is supposedly a free country, but you should never accept that facile verdict until you've tried to express a truly dissenting voice. A few letters 'agin' the government in the local press, and you soon may start to hear a number of mysterious clicks on your telephone. Not to mention those e-mails which seem to have taken 50 minutes to deliver!

Iragi Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz has

said that millions of firearms are being distributed to the people in order to fight off Anglo-American invasion. Do you for a moment imagine that Blair or Straw would ever countenance mass distribution of arms to the British people? The propaganda says that the Iraqis are oppressed by a totalitarian government, but this one piece of news shows that the true facts are otherwise. It is we who are oppressed by a totalitarian regime, which takes care to conceal its true nature under a facade of democracy, in order to control its victims more easily.

Let Bush and Sharon have their dreams of conquest and slaughter. But let us remember, according to ancient Greek thought, that after *hubris* (overweening arrogance) comes nemesis.

*I've always considered that nationalists should support the Palestinian cause. Some may disagree, but what we must never do is emulate the 'kosher conservative' attitudes of the *Mail* or *Telegraph*.

This article will no doubt invite some comment from our South African readers. We print it as an interesting contribution to debate. The article was first published in The Flame, PO Box 274, Hemel Hempstead, Herts. HP3 9EQ, to which we extend acknowledgements.

SHORTLY after I emigrated to South Africa, and was still waiting for my work permit to be granted, I spent an afternoon at the Cockney Pride bar on the Durban beach front. I got talking to a British South African I met there, but he surprised me greatly by referring to the Afrikaners as 'White Kaffirs'. Prior to emigrating to South Africa I had always regarded the Afrikaners as something approaching white supermen, so I was highly shocked and offended by this remark.

Fourteen years later, however, when I was forced to leave the country, I realised that the stranger had been completely right. The perceived version has always been that all Afrikaners were right-wing and pro-apartheid to a man, whereas the British South Africans were almost entirely incorrigible liberals. The truth turns out to be very different. When one looks at the names of those instrumental in the sell-out of South Africa during the 1970s and 1980s they were practically exclusively Afrikaners - people such as John Vorster, the Bothas, the De Klerks, Gerrit Viljoen, Roelf Meyer, Joan Heyns, Sampi Terreblanche and Van Zyl Slabbert. The White opposition to this sell-out bristled with British South African names: heroes such as Clive Derby-Lewis, Arthur Morris, Carl Werth, Allan McCabe, Patrick Kenney and Owen Purvess.

It wasn't the Afrikaner leaders alone who were eager to exchange

WHY WE GOT IT WRONG ABOUT THE AFRIKANERS

A different perspective on South African history, by JOHN HUMPHRIES

Western civilisation for multi-racial chaos. The Afrikaner people as a whole were only too willing to follow them like lemmings towards their own destruction. In both the vital 1982 and 1983 constitutional referenda, opinion polls indicated that the English-speaking South Africans were going to vote 'No' in far greater numbers than their Afrikaner compatriots (Interestingly it was revealed that Jewish South Africans voted 'No' in 1992 in the largest proportion of all). Perhaps this is not so surprising when one remembers the close fraternal terrorist links between the ANC (African National Congress) and the PLO (Palestine Liberation Organisation). The very nature of Afrikaner 'nationalism' has been misunderstood. Theirs is a geographical nationalism rather than a racial nationalism.

MIXED WITH THE NATIVES

When Jan van Riebeeck landed at the Cape in 1652 on behalf of the Dutch East India Company, it was not in order to establish a new Dutch colony, but merely a victualling station *en route* to the main Dutch colonies in the East Indies (today's Indonesia). When the Dutch East India Company employees arrived,

the contingent comprised only men. As a result, it was the local Hottentot women who became the outlet for their natural sexual energies. There is much truth in the joke that the Dutch landed at the Cape on 6th April 1652 and the coloured race



SELL-OUT LEADER F.W. de Klerk

was founded nine months later! You will find that most South African coloureds have Dutch surnames. British settlers started arriving in 1820, and they did arrive with their wives and families. The two white communities lived together in friendship and co-operation.

To preserve their distinctive

culture the Afrikaners put their faith in three institutions. Because they thought of the South African nation geographically rather than racially, their policies became increasingly liberal and multi-racial. It was the undoing of the Afrikaner people that the majority followed these three institutions steadfastly and unthinkingly, even when their policies changed diametrically. The NP (National Party) aimed to create a totally independent South African republic with no ties to the racial roots in Europe. The NP came to power in 1948; their first three Prime Ministers, Malan, Strydom and Verwoerd, stuck firmly to the policies of separate development, but those who followed them did the exact opposite. John Vorster started the rot by introducing multi-racialism and of course stabbing Rhodesia in the back. P.W. Botha caused the real damage by turning every previous NP policy on its head.

By the time the ultimate traitor, F.W. de Klerk, came to power there was little sell-out left for him to do except by "putting the icing on the cake" by un-banning the terrorist ANC and handing the entire country over to them.

We placed our trust in Afrikaner-oriented organisations; but in retrospect we would have done better to look to our own roots and supported bodies such as the Sons of England. There are still a sizeable number of British South Africans trapped inside the Marxist hellhole of the 'New' South Africa.

It is our duty to do our best to help them – as indeed it is in our interest to look to the British 'Diaspora' around the world rather than to the EU for our future.

In seeking our salvation we must not look to others who will often fail us, but rather to ourselves.

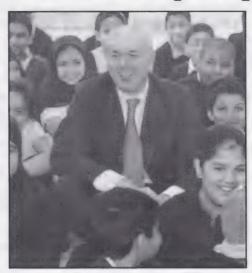
ABOUT THE REPATRIATION OF UNWANTED IMMIGRANTS

"What you see is what you'll get" is something that should apply to every political manifesto. That it almost never has done is the source of all the cynicism and apathy which politicians still have the gall to complain about. Like the advertising industry, party managers are adept at creating images and expectations which seldom if ever correspond with the final product. Specific and unambiguous proposals are nowhere to be found in the candyfloss generalities like 'improving public services', 'reducing crime levels' and 'more stringent measures' for dealing with bogus asylum-seekers, etc. The bland manifesto is designed like a dodgy insurance contract, with artful escape clauses and small-print exceptions likely to deceive all but the shrewdest scrutiny.

Diverting John Citizen

For a long time now, the situation has been akin to keeping John Citizen embroiled in trivial conversation over the garden wall while burglars or squatters were busily taking over his home. But now it seems he's begun to notice what's going on, if only because there seems to be a lot of police activity and media chatter about imminent terrorism. The immediate reaction of government and opposition parties is to promise a 'crackdown' on the 'handful' of terrorists posing as asylum-seekers, plus more rigorous screening of would-be immigrants. "Phew, that's a relief," we are supposed to say, before returning to trivial conversation or the next gripping instalment of EastEnders, Coronation Street, The Archers or Emmerdale. Fifty years of unrestricted invasion of our homeland is seen as a fait accompli, to which the British people must reconcile themselves voluntarily or, failing that, under duress from the Race Acts. If immigration is mentioned at all, it is only an opportunity for politicians to deplore 'institutional racism', extol multi-cultural- ism and revile any manifestation of patriotic resistance. We are supposed to ignore the greatest act of treachery in our nation's history; to dishonour the dead of two world wars; to apologise for getting so far ahead of the Third World, and to rank our national heroes among a rabble of 'showbiz' nonentities. They would have us forget all the years of sacrifice, privation and endurance, along with the burdens of Empire over three centuries. But we must always remember to keep voting Tory, Labour or LibDem, espec-

Time to face the issue squarely instead of pussyfooting around



DESPERATE FOR ANYONE'S VOTE Iain Duncan Smith with 'ethnic' youngsters

ially when the candidates are black or Asian. That is the alpha and omega of British politics nowadays. 'Inclusive' is the proudest claim of the renegade parties today — desperate for anybody's vote, while the word 'discrimination' has otherwise profane media hacks and party speakers swooning at the microphone and TV camera.

The Razor's Edge

There's an old saying that the way to salvation is like passing over the sharp edge of a razor. In the present context, the razoredge is repatriation of unwanted immigrants, and that specific policy issue is what finally separates the men from the boys among claimants to patriotism. We've long passed the point where immigration was still a subject worth debating; what's the good of fitting alarms and extra locks when the house is already full of intruders? Accordingly, we should only be prepared to address the subject of unwanted immigrants in the context of a civilised and efficient repatriation programme. Supporters and opponents, not to mention actual and wouldbe immigrants, are entitled to know the main features of this programme. These will get a more detailed presentation in due course; but the following outline is enough for the time being (Note that, since 'last in, first out' is a basic element of this programme, immigration takes care of itself).

Taking things in their proper order then,

the following measures will be required:-

- Identity cards for all people of non-British ancestry before 1950. The computerised register of these cards will incidentally provide a statistical check on the actual number of immigrants/emigrants dealt with monthly, annually and to date.
- Immediate deportation of alien criminals after serving their sentence.
- Repeal of the Race Acts, leaving British people free to discriminate in favour of their own kind, and depriving multi-racial propaganda of its spurious legitimacy.
- New legislation requiring:-
 - * Re-definition of British nationality.
 - * Completion of an all-British employment policy within five years.
 - * Priority in housing, health, education and other social services for native British neonle.
 - * Sale of alien-owned land and property within five years.
- Diversion of Foreign Aid funds to a repatriation programme.
- Editing of publications and broadcast material to remove multi-racial propaganda.
- Re-settlement grants for the emigrants, conditional on their departure within a prescribed period, after which they would lose any social security entitlements.

We should aim to complete the programme in less than 10 years. The reaction of anti-patriotic elements and unwanted immigrants to the above programme is as predictable as it is yawn-provoking. Its support by the overwhelming majority of the native British public is, however, assured. Meanwhile, some of the most prominent figures in the nationalist movement may be tempted by the siren voices of the mass media and Establishment power-brokers to 'moderate', if not abandon, any repatriation policy as the price of peaceful co-existence. Should they yield to such people they will forfeit any claim to patriotism, much less to leadership of the nationalist cause.

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be, what you see here is what you'll get from a *bona fide* British National Party. **FRANK KIMBAL JOHNSON**

GANGLAND BRITAIN

THE ETHNIC DIMENSION

THE NEW YEAR has started very ominously, with three major stories dominating press headlines for over two weeks: a black gunmen running amok in Aston, Birmingham; another black gunman with a long criminal record holding the police at bay for

days on end in an East
London flat; and Algerian asylum seekers
creating chemical
weapons after being
given free accommodation, all expenses
paid, by irresponsible
London councillors. The
unwelcome news is that
violent crime in the UK

The 'liberal' media are finding it increasingly difficult to conceal the role of immigrants and race in aggravating the crime situation.

ANTONY MILNE comments

is fast approaching that prevailing in the US. The American homicide rate is in fact in 'staggering freefall', while the rate in Britain shamefully continues to rise.

There are hints that Scotland Yard chiefs now acknowledge that law and order are breaking down because of the foreign-instigated lawlesssness in this country that now resembles the worst features of crime in the Balkans, Africa and the West Indies. Miniature sub-machine guns such as the Israeli-made Uzi and the American Ingram Mac 10, which can fire more than 1,000 rounds a minute, have become the favoured weapons of the foreign gangs now selling cocaine and heroin on Britain's streets.

The facts, as recently revealed by Home Office statistics published in January, are truly startling. Crime has more than doubled since Labour came to power. Gun offences in England and Wales rose from 12,410 in 1997 to 17,589 during 2000-2001. In 2002, 39 out of 43 police forces in Britain experienced a 'worrying rise' in numbers of robberies per 1,000 people, reaching right into our English heartlands. Sir Keith Povey, the Chief Inspector of Constabulary, fears that Britain's inner cities will become breeding grounds for violence and intimidation as drug-dealers fight for supremacy on the streets. Chief constables of other large metropolitan areas, such as Greater Manchester, the West Midlands, Nottinghamshire, and even Avon and Somerset, have expressed similar fears.

TABLOID PRESS BECOMING LESS SHY

The tabloid press, to its credit, has become far more outspoken – quite crudely so in many cases – on the crime issue. The word 'Yardie' is often mentioned. Trevor Kavanagh of *The Sun* says that "gang wars have exploded along with the flood of illegal immigrants" (but note that he had to add the word 'illegal'). "The offences," he adds, "which really shock us are the daylight robberies in public places."

Indeed many leader writers shrewdly avoid the race issue altogether. Yet knowing that their readers know that they are talking about black crime they write things that would surely have them before the courts for 'race-hate' offences if they made the wrong editorial moves. Just to quote *The Sun*, again, of January l0th: "Parts of our inner cities have become sewers

of drugs and violence. When police appeal for witnesses to horrific crimes like the Birmingham gun murders they meet silence... we want to see the vermin swept off our streets before they ruin our country for ever."

However no journalist has the courage to point up the *real* reasons for Britain's growing crime wave. The truth is that the politicians have gone out of their way to let into this country, not Russian rocket scientists nor French industrialists, but the least skilled people from the poorest and most violent countries in the world. Jamaica, where for decades the beleaguered police have fought a virtual civil war with violent gun-toting thugs and drug-dealers, is where many of Britain's criminals come from. So is Africa, where ethnic slaughter and relentless civil wars have been rampant for years. So is India, where communal violence, caste-ism and murder are everyday occurrences.

To point this out is not 'racism' but rather 'culturalism'. It is

worth noting that several Canadian cities similarly experience high levels of gun-related crimes within immigrant Jamaican communities. Throughout the world and at different points in history, some ethnic nations have been more violent and lawless than others, and this doesn't exclude Europe.

The repressive and thuggish régimes some people live under may have encouraged personal lawlessness.

But we on the Right are not concerned with why some black people are more crime-prone. We simply want every effort to be made to stop them coming here to commit their



Bradford 2001: Police restrain an Asian rioter. Whites did not go on public rampages in the 1930s, when they had much reason for discontent over poverty and slum conditions which blighted their lives.

crimes, even if their violence is turned on themselves. Because it is we Whites who still suffer. The Home Office itself has confirmed that black suspects made up more than 70 per cent of muggers in most street robberies in cities. Up to 87 percent

of victims in Lambeth told the police that their attackers were black, while 80 per cent of the victims were white. Some 82 per cent of victims on the London Underground and 70 per cent of victims on commuter trains around London also identified their muggers as black. In the columns of the *NewsShopper*, a local newspaper that circulates widely throughout the South East of London, half of the perpetrators of crime reported on are black or have foreign surnames.

DIFFERENT ETHNIC ATTITUDES

There is another reason why our crime problem is a cultural rather than a race issue: it is to do with ethnic attitudes to **drugs and family life**, which are greatly at odds with those of the white British host community.

There is a despicable tendency to tar us all with the same cultural brush. For example, David Green of Civitas, a think tank, does himself and us no favours when he says: "There has been an increase in family breakdown at a time that crime has been getting worse." This is not an honest explanation. True, British families have also undergone similar breakdowns, but it is wrong not to point out that they are far, far higher among the black community. Hence if there is any sociological reason for the lack of 'role models' for black youth then it must focus upon the black community itself. Similarly Jim Parton, of the Families Need Fathers charity, said: "A lot of society's ills can be traced back to absence of fathers." For 'society' read "the ethnic communities."

These liberals will simply not admit that cultural differences between the *diaspora* and the host communities play a major part in urban crime. In Jamaica many children grow up fatherless; it is a way of life out there. When they get to Britain they continue with this lifestyle. The number of single-parent black families is something like eight times that of the white British.

Similarly, there is much talk about guns having become a fashion accessory'. But they are not an accessory for the Whites, we notice. And drug-taking is largely a black cultural thing. The ethnic minorities seem to like drugs in far greater numbers, percentage-wise, than the white British do. More than one in five women held in British prisons has been jailed for smuggling drugs, and half of these are from Jamaica, Home Office figures show.

"Criminals are carrying out crimes to support drug habits," says Mr Andy Hayman, chairman of the drugs sub-committee of the Association of Chief Police Officers.

Mike Sullivan, crime editor of *The Sun*, coyly talks about "uneducated inner-city 16-year-olds (presumably he means black) with no prospects for the future." So they turn to high-paying drug-running so they can buy fancy cars and wear designer clothes. Then, he says, "you're respected by your peers and everyone wants to be your friend." Here journalists are again in danger of making 'racist' remarks. Why on earth should other Blacks want to admire undisciplined, hard-core criminals of this ilk?

And to argue, as many do, that black people living in prosperous western countries commit crimes because they suffer from 'low morale' is outrageous. They would really have something to feel low about if they were to suffer the poverty and slum life found in most African states. And poverty and hardship were the lot of many in the white working classes in this country before World War II, and yet violence on the scale we now have was unheard of.

At the time when the country is on the alert for possible terrorist attacks, customs officers policing Britain's ports are simply not coping. The alarmed French have nothing but contempt for British immigration authorities, as they say that a terrorist leader knows that one of the surest ways to plant agents successfully in Britain is to have them apply for asylum. Two of the Algerian asylum-seekers being questioned are believed to have visited premises in Parisian suburbs

known to be used by terrorists. One of the men was wanted in connection with a plot to bomb Strasbourg Cathedral, and was said by French officials to have been trained in the use of chemical weapons in Afghanistan. Apparently the British intelligence services knew nothing of this!

The recent attempt to stem immigration from Jamaica by allowing only those with visas to enter the country is laughable: the crime bosses in Jamaica have no trouble in furnishing illegal immigrants with any kind of documentation they want. Some illegal drug couriers have as many as five fake British passports.

Further, the idea that tougher gun control laws will deter criminals from using guns is patently absurd. In the first place, criminals don't expect to get caught. Secondly they can intimidate any witnesses who dare to go to the police with the threat of death. This can only mean that even the law-abiding will wish to arm themselves, since the atmosphere of intimidatory violence will have increased in the crime-prone areas.

Ironically the greater availability of guns might be the only solution to the crime problem. In American cities such as Washington and New York, which have draconian gun laws, they also have correspondingly high gun-crime rates. But in

Tennessee an armed attack is a rare thing because the police allow people to carry concealed firearms. In fact, violent crime in the US has been cut in half in the past 20

years largely due to the rate at which Americans use arms to defend them themselves. This seems to be happening in Britain too. A man who worked at a restaurant near the Aston shootings said that "everybody round here has got guns... even innocent people are getting guns to defend themselves."

Only policies specifically aimed at violent criminals can reduce violent crime. Policies that disarm and penalise nonviolent citizens – such as the banning of handguns in 1997 owned by law-abiding target shooters – are cowardly and counter-productive.

A final word of warning to our cultural élite. Sociologists and experts now seem desperate to avoid speaking the truth on crime and immigration matters, and this has sinister implications for the future of freedom of enquiry. As a nation we need to know that crime figures are not fiddled about with, reclassified or distorted, or press stories or editorial comment censored, or cultural facts glossed over.

And we do not want the police to be undermanned and overburdened by paperwork and politically correct regulation. MI5 and MI6 must assert their investigative powers more forcefully, and insist that they have more of a monitoring control over asylum and immigration matters. They must confront head-on the insidious and growing 'civil rights' culture that has virtually removed all law enforcement sanctions against deviant behaviour.



WEAPONS TURNED IN Needless to say, when there is a call for people to surrender their firearms, it is the law-abiding who do so, while criminals stay armed.



Studying brainwashing at Aberdeen

HOW IRONIC that of all the places I could have done a PhD about brainwashing I chose Aberdeen University. When I told my undergraduate friends what I was doing, there was the expected chorus of mock-concern: "Oh... don't let those happy-clappy Christians brainwash you," said one friend. "You'll be releasing poisoned gas onto the underground network before you know it! In fact, the group I'm studying haven't attempted actively to brainwash anyone. There's all the subtleties, of course, that we're trained to pick up on: mild lovebombing; mild thought-control. But there is only one group at the university that is really trying to brainwash people, and that is Aberdeen University itself. The University has power and a political ideology, and it is determined that all its students will live by it. It is a University which, by this process, is going against everything which academia stands for.

Needless to say, this ideology is precisely the kind we would expect of a university in modern Britain. It is leftwing; it is politically correct; and it is utterly intolerant of anyone or anything prepared to stand in its way. As with all tightly controlled sects, students must sign up to the ideology before they join. They must assent to "a multicultural environment," which may be laudable or not but is only part of the currently accepted ideology. At one time, as long as they signed up to these politically correct 'Articles of Faith' and kept their heads down, the university would interfere with their lives no further. This used to be the case at Aberdeen University, but not any more.

Information control

Now, control of information at Aberdeen is so pro-active that students cannot even see things that do not fit in

with the university's ideology – at least not on campus. Under a policy implemented by one Dr. Aeana Reid, students will be prevented from entering pornography sites. This might sound reasonable to you, but the university's policy is to bar students from accessing not just pornography sites but *any* sites which they deem to be 'undesirable'. Only the People's Republic of China – with its very different left-wing ideology – operates such a draconian and anti-civil-liberties

EDWARD DUTTON,
a student, relates
how a modern
British university
bans 'incorrect'
thoughts'

policy on the Internet. And more than anything, it is a deeply anti-intellectual policy.

In the first place, to bar students from access to certain websites is extremely patronising. It is true that if students access - and subscribe to - child pornography websites they will find themselves being prosecuted. The university's new policy, in this sense, protects any such students from themselves. But should they be protected? I was under the impression that one of the most important things which a university was supposed to teach students was independence: independence of thought, of course, and the ability to live independently. This policy, however, ensures that students are dependent - dependent on the whims of some higher power, the People's Republic of Aberdeen University, deciding that something might be



ABERDEEN UNIVERSITY
A real centre of Blairite thought-control

a bad influence on their child!

But, more importantly, what is this term 'undesirable'? It would be one thing if the university were proposing to prevent students from entering 'illegal' sites: child pornography or political groups that advocate violence. It would be a very anti-intellectual policy because it would assume the rightness of the political status quo. It would also be deeply patronising - surely students should be permitted to enter whatever sites they like and face the legal consequences but many people would have sympathy with it. But the policy is to block 'undesirable' websites. This term 'undesirable' may sound harmless but it is in fact one of the most dangerous terms there can

'Undesirable' websites

A list of 'undesirable' websites will simply reflect the ideology of the people compiling it. So, Dr. Reid's policy is nothing more than an attempt to impose her own ideology on student's lives - or at least their Internet lives. It is really akin to prohibition in America. She cannot stop people drinking, making alcohol or selling it, but she can stop them doing it in the public domain - or on Aberdeen University premises – and thus make this domain appear sober! Of course, this is total fantasy, completely ignoring the underlying truth. But who cares, as long as things seem okay to the outside observer. It is also a haphazard policy which allows certain 'undesirable' websites to slip through while 'desirable' sites are prohibited.

But the university's policies at any one time are, of course, intellectually built on sand. They simply reflect a questionable and contemporary ideology. In this case, it would be the current paradigms that men and women are the same, all races are equal and democracy is the finest system there ever was. I'm not going to even discuss these paradigms, only to say that they are purely contemporary and have not always been assented to. The university does impose these paradigms on students and, to a degree, indoctrination is the whole point of education. We are taught to believe in empiricism over divine inspiration, reasoned argument over rhetoric. But Dr. Reid's policy prevents students from accessing anything on the Internet which begs to guestion these paradigms albeit in a pro-active rather than intellectual way. This is clearly completely at odds with the very purpose of a university - to question, to debate, to discuss, to be impartial and unbiased, and listen to and examine alternative ideas and ways of life.

At Durham University, students must click 'OK' on a form stating that they will "use the Internet for mainly academic purposes" before they are allowed to enter the network. If they look at pornography — or the websites of terrorist groups — they have to justify it or face disciplinary action. But at least at Durham we had the choice. We could think for ourselves and face the consequences. At Aberdeen there will soon be

no choice, no room for independent thought or manoeuvre. Dr. Reid's policy imposes an objective moral code. Most academics would agree that there is no such thing. In order to run any university, there must be some kind of moral code, but one would expect Dr. Reid to want to avoid imposing this – and thus compromising her academic integrity – wherever possible. To impose it on the Internet at Aberdeen University is needless.

'Citizenship Studies'

And it is not just in higher education that these attempts at indoctrination occur. Recently, the Labour Government quietly dropped the compulsory modern language at GCSE to replace it with 'Citizenship Studies'. Now, one should always be weary of anything with the word 'studies' in it. It will almost certainly have a political agenda and be so vague as to teach students everything and nothing at the same time. Think of 'Women's Studies', 'Media Studies' and 'General Studies', to name but a few. But at least these have a little subtlety. 'Citizenship Studies' is overtly ideological. Students will be taught what it is to be British - which will of course be "part of a diverse multicultural society" - in other words, what Labour thinks should be. Of course, teaching students a foreign language - and by extension a foreign culture - would make them think about the nature of Britishness and at the same time give them a useful skill. But for Labour the indoctrination aspect would not be present. Just teaching a foreign language is too haphazard for their purposes. No wonder the British are the worst in Europe at foreign languages.

Academia is not about ideology. It is about independent, critical thought. These days, most people find it amazing that, for example, one could not teach at Aberdeen in the nineteenth century unless one was a Christian, or that one could not teach Einstein's theories at German Universities in the 1930s. But the same problems occur today, with academics being boycotted because they are Israeli or 'right-wing'. However, putting ideology before academia is surely contrary to the whole point of academia. Dr. Reid's policy is an intellectual coup d'etat. The fact that we won't be allowed to enter pornographic and 'far-right' web sites may seem trivial to many of us. But Dr. Reid and her policy are not a hundred miles from public burnings of books by Freud and Einstein or the banning of books by D. H. Lawrence. And how successful is this scheme? I am studying in Holland next year, yet I was prevented the other day from entering a website to help me learn Dutch because it had been 'blacklisted'. Stopping students from learning a European language! I'm sure Mr. Blair would support Aberdeen's policy wholeheart-

MADHOUSE BRITAIN

TWO DIVERS in Shoreham, Sussex, saw a woman floating in a river and immediately drew the matter to the attention of police nearby. The police replied that they had seen the woman in the water but had assumed she was dead and did nothing.

But half an hour later the divers saw the woman moving. They plunged in and dragged her out, whereupon she was rushed to hospital, where she was soon on the way to recovery.

IT was reported last month that probation services in Derbyshire are hiring taxis at the taxpayers' expense to transport burglars and other criminals to rehabilitation courses. This was revealed when one offender failed to turn up in court to answer charges that he had breached a community order.

Probation officers told the magistrate that they had twice sent a taxi to collect him but he had refused to leave his home.

SEEN among the advertisements in a recent issue in *The Guardian* newspaper:-Lewisham Council in South London was looking for a 'Diversity and Engagement Officer' at £40,000 a year.

Devon & Cornwall Police want a 'Diversity Manager', whom they are ready to pay £44,337 annually.

Then there was the appeal for a 'Co-ordinator' at the Hopscotch Asian Women's Centre in Camden, North London. Salary: £29,244 p.a.

CHANNEL FOUR boss Mark Thompson's 'Statement of Promises' for 2003 includes programmes on wife-swopping, gay dads, female circumcision and gay children. The documentaries department will combine "ambition, intelligence and popular sensibility," it has been announced.

A PUB in Westergate, West Sussex, has for many decades been called 'Labour in Vain' – in memory of a white woman who some 300 years ago gave birth to a black baby and was so frightened of the reaction of the locals that she tried to scrub the child white. The pub's sign shows a picture of the mother applying a scrubbing brush to the babe in a washtub.

But this has now attracted the indignation of activists against 'racism', who have been given a lottery grant of £25,000 to campaign for the sign's removal. The activists belong to a group called the 'Pub Sign Project Committee', whose chairman has said: "Whether the story... is true or not, the image still discriminates against black people." He said that his committee had no objection to the sign being displayed inside the pub with an explanation of its background but that it should not be seen outside.

A KID'S BOOK called *Hallo Sailor* has been going on sale for Valentine's Day last month – telling about the 'powerful' relationship between a lighthouse keeper and his seaman pal.

Kate Wilson of Macmillan publishers said: "It's a book you might decide to share with a child to show relationships between men are OK."

A NEW Shakespeare exam has been introduced in which teenagers will be able to gain more than 50 per cent pass marks without knowing a word from the Bard's plays. One example is a question which, referring to Malvolio in *Twelfth Night*, asks the examinee to imagine he or she was a Malvolio and wanted to spoil everyone's pleasure.

Troops changed sides ON February 15th 1942 Britain's General Subsequently without any six agents the side of the

ON February 15th 1942 Britain's General Percival in charge of the defence of Singapore surrendered to Japan's General Yamashita. Ninety thousand British, Australian and Indian troops had been defeated by sixty thousand Japanese. It was the most humiliating defeat in the history of the British Army, and from that day onwards it meant that the end of white rule in India and South East Asia was inevitable.

The reasons for this monumental defeat have been much discussed by historians and politicians over the past sixty years. So you may well ask: "Why rake over it again?" I do so by a chance encounter with the 'memoirs'

JOHN BEAN recounts a shameful episode in British history, as seen through an old soldier who was there

of a former soldier in the Cambridgeshire Regiment, Jack Scrivener, who spent nearly four years of hell as a prisoner of war of the Japanese after the fall of Singapore.

I had only read a few pages when I realised why his 100 A4 photocopy pages had not received the blessing of an orthodox publisher. Old Jack Scrivener, still alive at 85, was too politically incorrect. Japanese soldiers were "brutal Jap bastards," and Indian soldiers who, without firing a shot, went over to the enemy were "cowardly ratbags." The work needed some editing, but Scrivener's descriptive powers that gave you a full sense of 'being there', plus his sense of humour that still came through in the most distressing periods, made it a fascinating read.

Importantly, his 'memoirs' gave some further insights to the reasons for the fall of Singapore and on its outcome. These include the complete lack of preparedness by our generals; the indiscipline (though not cowardice) of many Australian troops; the occasional respect shown by the Japanese to those who fought well and also those prisoners who kept their discipline in captivity; and above all the large number of Indian troops who went over to the enemy.

The background

Just two days after the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbour, a carrier force also attacked Singapore airfield (December 9th 1941) and destroyed nearly all the RAF planes while they were still on the ground. Subsequently without any air cover, the Royal Navy battleship *Prince of Wales*, the battle cruiser *Renown* and several destroyers were sunk by Japanese aircraft as they tried to intercept the Japanese invasion forces heading towards the Malayan peninsula.

Back in Singapore, the heavy navy guns were still left immovably pointing out to sea. This was the way the Japanese would come, said the British top brass. "Those little men cannot come 500 miles through the Malayan jungle and mangrove swamps," they insisted. But they did, and mainly on bicycles as their means of transport. Furthermore, they had little artillery, although this was augmented for the final assault on the Singapore Causeway by the guns they had captured (many of them being abandoned) from the British and Australians.

General Percival has, with some justification, been made the scapegoat of the Singapore disaster – certainly by the Australians. Yet the man was not a coward, and had won the MC and DSO in the battlefields

had taken over Seletar Aerodrome when the RAF vacated and were ready for an attack. In the hangars were crates of fighter aircraft waiting to be assembled. These we had to destroy."

A further example of the panic and confusion that had beset the British Army comes on the next page. "We were told to go to a depot nearby and try to repair some Bren gun carriers which some idiot had ordered to be destroyed earlier. Working hard through the day, we managed to get half a dozen in decent shape to go into action with."

Following capture and being held initially in Changi Jail, Jack Scrivener reflects on how the soldiers felt they had been let down." It was with great bitterness in the days to come that we realised that after 2-1/2 years hard training we had been sacrificed by the powers that be. Politicians and Generals knew Singapore could not be held once Malaya had fallen, and yet we were thrown in to increase the number of British troops to keep Australia happy. It was the only campaign in the whole

British surrender Singapore, 1942. It was a debacle all round, but the desertion of the Indian troops did not exactly help.



of France in the First World War. Perhaps that was his main failing: fighting a mobile battle of the Second World War with the trench-bound mentality of the First. With the Japanese preparing to storm the Causeway linking the island to the Malayan mainland, Percival still left his 90,000 troops scattered in penny packets over Singapore's 70 miles of coast-line.

In the Battle with our old soldier

With the Japanese shelling Singapore on February 7th, Jack Scrivener writes: "... while running barbed wire near the main road we saw the RAF abandoning Seletar Aerodrome and lorry-loads of personnel on their way to the docks." All the aircraft had been destroyed, it was said. On the next page Jack says: "Early on the 8th of February we heard that Japanese forces had landed on the island and were making progress against the Australians. We

of World War Two where troops had no tanks, no aircraft or naval support the last few weeks of battle."

Lack of discipline - not courage

In case readers think that Scrivener had some prejudice against Australians, there are several places in his story where he praises their individual courage; and he obviously got on well with them in captivity, particularly sharing their ability to seize the main chance of a "little more grub" to supplement their starvation rations. What he says many Australians were guilty of at Singapore was lack of discipline.

Jack Scrivener arrived in the troopship on 29th January 1942. This was his welcome from some Australians: "As hundreds of lads were lining the rails a truck drove along the quayside and stopped opposite the West Point. Out got a couple of Australian soldiers and, looking up at us, one said: "What have you bastards come here for?" We answered: "We've come to help you mate." He replied: "We don't want no bloody help; we're getting out of here as soon as we can."

On the morning of February 15th the 1st Cambridgeshires had been holding out in non-stop fighting for five days — our old hero had even shot down a Japanese aircraft with one of his retrieved Bren guns. Then he got cut off and joined up with some Royal Artillery soldiers who still had two guns going. He was to protect them from the ditch with his Bren gun. He writes:-

"Shortly after, two Australian soldiers came past in a hurry and, seeing me in the ditch, one said: 'What are you doing in there, you silly bastard? The Japs are coming down the road.' I said: 'That's why I'm here, because they are coming.' The Aussie said: 'We've had enough of this; we are going down the docks and get on a boat.' Leaving me, they disappeared through the smoke and haze. I stayed on, not because I was brave but I was more scared of being branded a deserter than I was of the Japanese."

The last bit says it all – the discipline of a regular, properly trained soldier when faced with what looks like inevitable defeat.

'Look at your proud masters now'

Among the many pages describing the ill-treatment, savagery and torture inflicted upon the British, Australian and Dutch prisoners by the Japanese, there are two instances where they show a form of respect for those who fought well and those who still showed their British army discipline while in captivity.

According to Jack Scrivener, the Cambridgeshires were the last to stop fighting on the fateful day of February 15th. He writes that as one of their Majors approached the Japanese lines waving a white flag, "a Jap officer came towards him with sword in hand. Stooping in front of him he said in perfect English: 'Well Major, we had a good fight, but we should have won tomorrow as we were going to run you over with tanks.'" It appears that there was no ill treatment of the British prisoners whilst they were in the hands of their immediate captors.

Later, referring to when he and his mates were working on the infamous Burma Railway (where two out of three prisoners died), our old soldier describes an incident when they decided to show the Japanese how to march properly. Emaciated, dressed in rags, many barefooted, they marched for four miles "like bloody Guardsmen," with the guards having to run to keep up with them. The Japanese Colonel in charge was so impressed that he gave them several tins of meat out of the stores and supplied plimsolls for those with no boots.

However, these instances apart, the main Japanese objective was to show the British and the native population that it was they who

were now the masters. As the Cambridgeshires were marched up to Changi Jail: "At one point a Jap officer speaking in English shouted to the crowds at the roadside: 'Look at your proud masters now,' and they all burst out laughing and jeering."

At another point he describes the prisoners' need for a toilet break during their rail transit on open wagon trucks up to Thailand. "The Japs made us squat down in between the lines in full view of a lot of people on the opposite platform to do our business. Another chance to humiliate the white masters."

The Japanese victory parade in Singapore has, of course, been well documented. Jack Scrivener was there and describes the humiliation.

Indian treachery

Little mention has been made by UK and Australian historians of the treachery of the Indian soldiers – and treachery it was – of joining the Japanese forces *en masse* and taking up arms with them. It must be said that this contrasts markedly with Indians' performance in the Desert and in Italy, where they were awarded several VCs. Again, Jack Scrivener was on the spot and recorded the instances he saw. The first instance was just after the first Japanese had crossed over the causeway. He relates:-

"Just before darkness we came under heavy small arms fire from a wooded area nearby and I expected to see Jap troops appear any moment. Lying in a ditch with the Bren, I thought: 'It's going to be lively tonight.' An officer came up and shouted: 'Stop firing. That's bloody Indian troops who's attacking us.' Later I found that some Indian troops had gone over to the Japs."

Just after he had encountered the two Australians heading for the docks, he had observed: "A short while later, some Indian troops came running down the road wild eyed carrying no arms."

This, of course, was not treachery but desertion. Treachery was described in Scrivener's reflections on the downfall during his first few days in Changi:-

"Thousands of Indian troops on Singapore never fired a shot, and at the first opportunity went over to the Japs to join a Free India movement under a man named Chandra Bose. The Sikhs, who fought so well in North Africa, joined the Japs and were guards over us at Changi and were cruel bastards in the months to come."

He also mentions that Indian troops manned the corner machine guns guarding the prisoners herded into Selerang Barracks.

In March 1944, the fittest of those who had survived the building of the infamous Burma Railway were sent back to Singapore to await shipment to Japan – to work in equally horrendous conditions down the mines. Jack Scrivener, the survivor, observed: "One afternoon low-flying bombers (American) passed overhead, and Indian

troops who had gone over to the Japs fired bofors guns at them."

On the same page there is this interesting comment: "Whilst there we made contact with some Ghurkha prisoners who had stayed on the island since surrender. The Japs dare not take them off Singapore, as they would have lost the lot."

Chandra Bose

Subhas Chandra Bose is still treated with great admiration in India today – as I know from my own visits. He is looked upon as the militant founder of independence, holding his place in the pantheon with the pacific leaders, Gandhi and Nehru. Although a militant, twice (1937 and 1939) he was elected President of the Indian National Congress.

At the outbreak of war he escaped from British house arrest after forming his Indian National Army and surfaced in Germany. By 1942, he was heading his Indian Army of 40,000 soldiers from Singapore and other eastern regions of Asia. Much of this army marched through Burma and then occupied Coxtown on the Indian Border, hoping that they would then sweep into India with the Japanese. History, enacted through a revitalised British Army and loyal Indian Army units decided otherwise. Chandra Bose was in Singapore when Japan surrendered and, he died in a plane crash fleeing to Tokyo.

When one considers the noble conduct of most Indian Army units, particularly Sikhs and Rajputs, in other theatres of the Second World War, there can be only one explanation for the treachery at Singapore. There, the British and Australians did not just lose a battle, they lost face and lost respect – for all the reasons given above. It marked the end of Empire.

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EUROPEAN SLAVES, AFRICAN

SLAVE-MASTERS

A RECENT British television programme occupied Spain in 711. Indeed, about a sunken galleon in British waters made some brief reference to the Barbary slave trade, something that is very rarely mentioned in these politically correct times. Accordingly, it must be a subject worth exploring further, particularly as many people seem to perceive - understandably in view of continual one-sided propaganda on such issues – that it is only black people who have suffered from slavery at the hands of another race. This perception is one which the global money power is keen to encourage, no doubt, as it inculcates a guilt complex among Whites; which, in turn, tends to stifle objections to the mass importation of cheap labour into the West and the transfer of investment and jobs to the Third World.

A national industry

Historically, the Mediterranean was always plagued by piracy, but from the later Middle Ages the scale of these activities intensified substantially, particularly through the state-supported corsairs operating from the Barbary Coast of North Africa. For several hundred years, they spread terror throughout the waters and coastlines of the Mediterranean and Atlantic. As John Gunther says of the Moors of this period in Inside Africa:-

"Their national industry was piracy. They lived on loot, human and otherwise, and brought forcibly into the Maghreb great numbers of captured European (Christian) slaves." [p. 39]

There were, however, differences between the corsairs' slave business and the unjustifiably more notorious trans-Atlantic slave trade. The black slaves in the latter trade were sold to white traders by their own people in exchange for rum, brandy, clothes, glass beads and other European goodies; and they were only traded for economic purposes. On the other hand, the white slaves of the North African corsairs were captured in raids on European shipping and coastlines, with no question of purchase or exchange; and they were carried away not just as slave labour, but also for purposes of ransom and harem service.

The Moors in Spain

The Moors were the westernmost adherents of Islam, which had spread rapidly in the Middle East and North Africa during the 7th and 8th centuries. They had invaded and they advanced well into France before being defeated at Poitiers by Charles Martel in 732. Then they retreated over the Pyrenees. and it was not until 1492, the year Columbus 'discovered' America.

that they were finally expelled from Spain.

They were heavily engaged in human trafficking, and Andalusia, in Southern Spain, became an important centre for the slave trade. As Stephen Clissold wrote in The Ransom Business, [History Today magazine, December 1976]:-

"Cordoba and other cities had their slavemarkets where the human merchandise was examined and valued on sophisticated lines. Women were generally more highly prized than men and were carefully assessed by female inspectors, who recorded their physical attractions or defects in the purchase contract. Handbooks listing these good and bad qualities were especially composed to facilitate the delicate task." [p. 780]

In passing, it is interesting to reflect that the Moors occupied Spain for nearly 800 years. During much of that time they must have thought: "We are here to stay."

But they weren't.

Rise of the Barbary States

The expulsion of the Moors from Spain gave great impetus to the Barbary corsairs. Not only did the expulsion imbue the Moors

ROB SMYTH relates some littleknown history of an evil trade

> with a hatred of Christianity, but also their numbers were too great for the economy of their new home, the Maghreb region of North Africa, to absorb. They joined motherland Moors, Algerians, Turks of the Ottoman Empire (to which the Barbary states were often linked) and others in the corsair business of plundering and human trafficking. Clissold tells us that:-

"The Barbary States were organised primarily for this purpose, and for three centuries they continued to derive the major part of their revenues from the prizes and captives taken, and from the tribute or 'presents' with which individual Christian countries sought to purchase immunity." [p. 779]

Matters got progressively worse. By the middle of the seventeenth century, the corsairs were marauding in the Atlantic and lurking in the English Channel. Attacks were not confined to merchant vessels. Even fishermen were attacked. Raids were made on coastal settlements, including some on Cornwall, where houses would be looted and inhabitants kidnapped. It is said that at one time 10,000 of the inhabitants of Algiers were slaves, a fifth of them British. Algiers became the chief centre of corsair activity;



Detail from a 1684 enraving showing the Algiers slave market. In the right foreground there appear to be two European women, stripped and publicly exhibited for potential buvers.

and the ocean-going vessels it developed were able to operate further away from base than the traditional galleys, bringing even Iceland within reach of the raiders.

Ransom and redemption

Much of the corsairs' wealth came from the ransoming of captives. Among these, for example, was Cervantes, the famed author of Don Quixote, who was enslaved for five years before his family and friends managed to raise the required ransom money. Ransoming became big business, not only for the corsairs but also for the numerous intermediaries and brokers who negotiated or arranged payment. These included two great Redemptionist religious organisations, the Trinitarians and the Mercedarians, which specifically raised money for the purpose. Governments also sometimes raised ransom for their citizens. Tens of thousands of slaves changed hands in this period.

Ransom money and redemption expenses, often deliberately inflated by unscrupulous intermediaries, were not the totality of the cost. As Clissold relates:-

"In addition to the ransom money, 'presents' had to be made to the ruler and his hierarchy of officials. The number and cost of these had to be worked out and included in the Redemptionists' budget; or they might otherwise have to buy them on the spot and incur crippling debts. Failure to make presents that their recipients regarded as suited to their rank and expectations caused great offence and might jeopardise the prospects of the mission." [p. 783]

Thus, a lot of people besides the corsairs were on the make from the business. As always, corruption breeds corruption.

Collaboration and renegades

The long reign of the corsairs was in no small measure due to the help they received from European governments and individuals. At a time when European solidarity was necessary, we see ruling élites making agreements with the corsairs in order to buy off attacks on their own people and property, or to encourage the corsairs to attack their competitors.

Even more disgraceful was the large-scale defection of renegades to the corsair cause. In those days, as now, there was no shortage of race traitors willing to make money from the persecution of their own people. Some renegades were captives who had 'turned Turk' but many, from all over Europe, made their own way to corsair dominions and voluntarily embraced Islam. They were attracted by the wealth and opportunities in Algiers and other corsair strongholds. Not all of them engaged in piracy; some took positions as personal

guards and officials, many reaching the highest positions of authority. Others aided the corsairs in technical matters. Clissold remarks in another article, *Christian Renegades and Barbary Corsairs* [History Today, August 1976]:-

"Renegades and Christian slaves ... were the chief agents for the transmission of technology, particularly in the military enquiries soon afterwards, he learned that all had already apostasised. To resist absorption into the harem was a forlorn hope. We hear of an English girl taken by Sallee Rovers in 1685 who was sent to the Moroccan Emperor Mouley Ismael for the honour of being deflowered. She at first resisted persuasions to turn Moslem and capitulated only after being handed over to the Emperor's negresses who



and naval fields, to the less advanced Islamic lands. It was the renegades who piloted the corsair ships in European coastal waters and divulged the weak spots in the Christian defences." [p. 512]

So we see that, as now, the renegades actively assisted in the pillaging of their own lands.

Apostates

The corsairs did not necessarily encourage conversion to Islam. As Clissold writes:-

"By no means all these renegades had been forced to apostasise against their will. Pressure was indeed often applied against them precisely in a contrary direction. Apostasy did not automatically set a slave free, though he could generally expect to be better treated. He would no longer be fettered and sent to row in a galley. The corsairs, however, needed galley-slaves and were accordingly loath to let their Christians turn Moslem." [p. 509]

Other Christians were forced or bribed into changing their religion. Clissold mentions Father Gracian, a Carmelite friar, himself a captive, who related that a fellow priest was offered a substantial dowry if he would turn Moslem and marry the pretty fifteen-year-old daughter of a Moor. Clissold goes on:-

"Christian girls were in special danger of being forced into apostasy unless they seemed likely to command rich ransoms. Gracian describes coming across a batch of Corsican and Calabrian girls who had just been taken captive. On making whipped her and tormented her with needles." [p. 510]

Mouley Ismail was truly a very unpleasant and sinister character, but his aims were, perhaps, not so far removed from those of some nasty social engineers of our own time, as we shall see later.

Eclipse

Eventually, several western countries resorted to military measures against the corsairs. Portugal, Spain France, Britain and, in 1804, even the United States, all became involved in the bombardment of North African ports in the hope of suppressing piracy. The latter remained remarkably resilient but the number of captives did gradually dwindle, especially after the British Navy's devastating bombardment of Algiers in 1816. This episode alone led to the release of 3,000 slaves, some of whom had been held captive for 35 years. Yet, within two months, the rubble was cleared and the fortifications were rebuilt. It was not until 1830, when the French conquered Algeria, that the piracy was ended.

The multi-racialist Sultan

One can learn some useful lessons from history. For although technology and science might transform our physical environment, it seems unlikely that man himself has changed very much, if at all. The neverending catalogue of horrific modern atrocities, frauds and other crimes bears testament to that. So it may be well to ponder

Contd. overleaf

EUROPEAN SLAVES, AFRICAN SLAVE-MASTERS

(Contd. from prev. page)

with concern, as well as with casual interest, the life style and motives of Sultan Mouley Ismail, as recorded in John Gunther's *Inside Africa*:-

"One extraordinary and fiendish character was Sultan Moulay Ismail who ruled for fifty-five years between 1672 and 1727... He set out to build at Meknes.

near Fez, a capital that would outdo Versailles. The royal stables alone were three miles long, and contained 12,000 horses; slaves who worked on these and other grandiose projects were, if they did not give satisfaction, cemented into the walls... Moulay is supposed to have had 549 wives, as well as concubines by the thousand, since he seldom used a woman twice. Of his children, 867 survived him. Hundreds of his daughters were strangled at birth. He imported vast numbers of

Saharan Negroes to Meknes, systematically mated them to Moorish women, and set about to establish by this means a kind of Praetorian Guard of specially-bred half castes... He had several hundred thousand slaves, of whom 25,000 were captured Christians..." [pp. 43-4]

Could it possibly be that our own beloved rulers are deliberately promoting miscegenation to create a Praetorian Guard for themselves or the New World Order?

GRAND RALLY

EAST LONDON Sunday, March 9th 2003 Beginning at 4.00 p.m.

To promote the British National Party campaign for the London Mayoral and GLA elections in 2004.

Speakers will include:-

CHRIS ROBERTS RICHARD EDMONDS JOHN TYNDALL

This rally is being organised by London & Essex Region of the BNP. It is hoped that all members and supporters of the party in London and the Home Counties will make the greatest possible effort to attend. In addition, we know that some people will be coming from other parts of the country, and the more of these the better! Non-members will also be very welcome.

Security at this event will be important, and for this reason we are not divulging either the location of the rally itself nor the assembly point at this stage. We recommend that people coming travel to the rally in regional or branch parties so as to facilitate redirection at the rally end. These people should begin *now* contacting their local organisers to obtain details of local rendezvous points and travelling arrangements.

On the day there will be a special contact telephone number for final details, but if people travel in parties under organisers it will reduce the possibility of undue pressure on this 'phone. The number is-

07855 167806

"How dare they call me a racist and a nazi"

Says Charlie Bickerstaffe, a BNP candidate in Barrow



HE'S A STRANGE SORT OF RACIST. Charise with son-in-law Richard and grandchildren Claire and Christopher

"MY SON-IN-LAW comes from Zimbabwe. He came to Britain through the proper channels. He works very hard, contributes to this country, and is proud to be British and part of a British family.

"The economic migrants arriving today in their thousands don't care anything for Britain. They are here for what they can get from our state existem and it's wrong that they are allowed into the country."

Those are the views of Charlie Bickerstaffe, the BNP representative in Barrow and a candidate in the town for the May elections.

Charlie was responding to a ridiculous personal attack on him by Barrow's Labour MP, John Hutton, in which he called the BNP a "neo-nazi" organisation which promoted racial hatred.

Charlie's response made the front page of the Barrow Evening Mail lie told the paper.

"I'm the grandfather of two mixed race children who I love dearly. I'm not a racist or a nazi. I joined the BNP because the Labour, Conservative and Liberal Democrat parties have nothing to offer a British working man like myself.

"All the BNP is saying is that something must be done about the "I joined the BNP because the Labour, Conservative and Liberal Democrat parties have nothing to offer a British working man like myself."

amount of people coming over here from other countries without papers and the amount of money that is being spent on them. Our country just can't afford it. We get accused of being neo-nazis. This is not true."

Charlie has invited John Hutton to come to his home, to meet his family and discuss the issues that are worrying them. He told Freedom:

"He should have done this first so be knew what he was talking about. He has insulted a growing number of his constituents without knowing anything whatsover about them."

Chartie and his small band of workers have made a real impact in Barrow, a fact which was recognised in a recent Evening Mail editorial. The editor wrote:

"Some voters may be tempted to put a cross next to the BNP beer as a protest against Labour or the Conservatives. Many people regard the national leaders of the two main parties as increasingly out of touch and their policies increasingly hard to distinguish from each other.

The perception that immigration is out of control and that economic migrants are exploiting services intended for genuine asylum seekers is probably the best recruiting sergeant the BNP has ever had."



JOHN HUTTON: The Barrow MP has insulted a growing number of his constituents

From the February 2003 issue of the BNP official newspaper The Voice of Freedom



SIR: I recently saw an item in *Spearhead* that was headed 'Mr. Griffin bans *Spearhead*'. Shocking news indeed! What our late and mutual friend Ken McKilliam would think of it all would be most interesting.

I find it disdainful to watch, as Griffin reaps the harvest of all the years of both your and Ken's hard work and knowing that he will slowly destroy all your efforts. We owe an unpayable debt to the older members of the NF and BNP, and it is heartbreaking to see the liberalism leaking into what is supposed to be a real nationalist movement. I can only see disaster ahead for the BNP if Griffin gets away with his plans for a liberalised so-called 'nationalist' party.

Be assured of support for you in any plans you may have for the future. GEOFFREY H. SMITH Canterbury, Kent

SIR: In my opinion it is absolutely tragic that you no longer lead the BNP.

I suppose that, as a nationalist, I should support the current leadership, but I cannot.

As you once remarked, the hearts and minds of the British people have already accepted our cause, and the time is shortly upon us when the BNP could do exceptionally well – and I mean exceptionally. Therefore at this point we need exceptional people of real calibre at the top.

Spearhead is an exceptionally good publication, and I always look forward to its arrival here in Dorset.
PHILIP FORDER-WHITE
Shaftsbury, Dorset

SIR: What on earth is Nick Griffin up to?

It has been obvious to me for some time that he and certain of his party officials are determined to loosen the party's links with *Spearhead* and its personnel. His banning of the magazine and his wish that it cease advertising the party, however, is far more sinister. What, I ask myself, is the reason for this? And how should we respond?

I suspect the reason is quite simple: a determination to move the paty from its past roots and remake it in Griffin's own image. Quite what this will be can only be guessed at, but don't be surprised if we end up with some sort of 'reformed' Conservative Party, with all that party's attendant failings!

How should we respond? I hope all party members and other readers of *Spearhead* continue to give the magazine their fullest support and roundly to tell Messrs. Griffin & Co. what do with this latest piece of

'wisdom'. I should also like to remind the latter of the great debt that nationalists owe to the magazine and its editor. Given the haphazard past of the various nationalist parties over the years, it is not an exaggeration to state that without either nationalism would long since have ceased to have a coherent or effective voice. Good nationalist writing is difficult to come by. Spearhead and its editor have provided, and continue to provide, it in abundance – something that cannot be said of Identity, which has about it more style than substance.

Good leaders build on their past, not discard it. Sadly for us all, Mr. Griffin appears to lack such a quality.

R.C. JAMES
Oxford

SIR: I refer to the January issue of *Spearhead*. How will the BNP get rid of Griffin? For him to ban the publication of the booksfor-sale section in the magazine is utter nonsense. Why not ban all BNP members from doing research at all the libraries? Over the past 40 years I have spent thousands of dollars on books, pamphlets and magazines. I rent a garage to store them. Would Mr. Griffin burn the lot? He must go.

'Madhouse Britain' for January mentions the pay-out to those two Indians of £250,000 by Ford's for alleged 'racist' abuse, bullying and bigotry. This makes my blood boil. I spent seven months in hospital for my war wounds and receive a pittance for a war pension.

G.W. COURTNEY
Randwick, NSW, Australia

SIR: For years I put total effort, time and money into supporting the United Kingdom Independence Party (UKIP).

I became concerned at the drop in the number of people willing to go out and vote, so I wrote a short leaflet urging them to do so, whatever their choice of party. To this end, I listed half a dozen parties and their contact addresses, including the BNP.

Having nothing to be ashamed of, I showed the leaflet to local UKIP people.

I later asked to be a UKIP candidate at the general election. The response was that this was out of the question given my refusal to dissociate from the BNP. I had never been asked to 'dissociate', and at that time knew nothing about the BNP except for its address. I was given no opportunity to discuss my rejection!

The UKIP officer in question knew I have been worried about immigration – for 30 years. He wrote that: "Immigration is contentious, and for UKIP to get involved in discussing it, let alone campaigning for some particular policy, would seriously detract from UKIP's main objective."

UKIP seems to be just one more politically correct centre-left party.
MONA McNEE (Mrs.)
Prescot, Mersyside

SIR: The BNP members' bulletin for January predicts that the party can win a seat in the European Parliament. Let us reflect on the

wisdom of putting BNP candidates into this Parliament.

It was universally supposed to be the avowed intent of the party to divorce Britain – decree absolute – from the European Union. Is it likely, human nature being what it is, that any MEP once esconced in the Parliament would willingly relinquish his £100,000 a year and his not inconsiderable perks? Perhaps – but don't bet on it! It would be better that no member be put to the test. The road to hell, as the reader knows very well, is paved with good intentions.

We, in our roles of Greek carpenters, would have worked long and hard to build the horse that carries the members into Troy, only to find that once there they defect to the enemy and staunchly defend Troy. It would be a case of "I'm all right, Jack. Sod you!"

Furthermore, having party members as MEPs will lead to accusations of hypocrisy against the party, and sap our credibility. N.G. CHARNLEY Blackpool, Lancs.

(EDITOR'S NOTE: The considerations that Mr. Charnley has listed in the last two paragraphs of his letter were seriously thought about and discussed before the decision was made by the party in 1997 to contest Euro seats. The benefits believed to accrue were thought to outweigh them. There are numerous Euro MPs who favour withdrawal of their countries from the EU but believe that while the Parliament is there they should be in it to defend their countries' interests. As to whether such MEPs may 'go native', they should obviously be expelled by their parties if they did, and in the case of BNP members most certainly would be.)

SIR: A friend with past associations with Rhodesia was invited to meet the staff at a private home for the elderly. She found many of them to be black 'Zimbabweans'. She asked them why they were over here, and they replied that they were refugees – asylum-seekers. When asked why this was, they replied that they were fleeing from torture.

Are you members of the Opposition? my friend asked. Oh no, we're not involved in politics, they replied. We are going back to Zimbabwe for a holiday at Christmas time.

So here are 'asylum-seekers' getting accommodation, schooling, medical services and jobs. They say they've been 'tortured' at home but they don't seem to mind going back for more!

M. HANNAH (Mrs.)
Laughton, East Sussex

SIR: David Beckham, who got a gash over his left eye after it had been hit with a football boot kicked in anger by his manager Sir Alex Ferguson has been going around parading his wounds for all to see. When I was a youngster it was thought the manly thing to do to make light of such things. How times, and standards, have changed! DAVID WALLS Plymouth

TRIUMPH IN HALIFAX!

BNP beats LibDem and Labour to get fifth councillor elected

THE BRITISH NATIONAL PARTY won a dramatic victory on January 23rd in the Mixenden Ward of Halifax (Yorks.) in a by-election to Calderdale Borough Council. Its candidate Adrian Marsden achieved 679 votes, just edging ahead of the Liberal



WINNER! Adrian Marsden just after his victory

Democrats (651) and Labour (641). The Tories were completely trounced, with only 214 votes, and an independent won 142. The BNP vote came to just over 32 per cent of the poll.

The BNP result won massive nationwide publicity and has sparked off a new level of -debate as to whether it may be in the process of becoming the main opposition to Labour in a number of urban areas in the local government elections due in May.

Adrian Marsden's victory was achieved in the face of an almost unprecedented campaign of smears and vilification by anti-BNP elements. At the time we reported his campaign last month, just before the result was known, no less than seven smear leaflets had been distributed in the area by

far-left opposition groups. There was also a demonstration in Halifax by the nutters of ANAL (the Anti-Nazi League). Opponents were canvassing on doorsteps desperately pleading with the voters not to support the

One of the attempted smears against Adrian was that he had formerly been a member of the Combat 18 organisation. Whether this is true or not (and it is a matter over which we are in the dark) it had little or no effect on the voters.

The BNP campaign to win the seat was an energetic one, with systematic canvassing and a huge volume of leafleting and the distribution of the party newspaper The Voice of Freedom. The main themes of the campaign were the BNP's opposition to the invasion of asylum-seekers and the 43 per cent pay rise that existing councillors had awarded themselves only recently.

A large factor in the success of the campaign was the concentration of party activists from all over the North of England and also from further afield, including London and Scotland. The BNP established a really big presence in the area, and this undoubtedly told.

There should be one very important lesson to be drawn from the BNP's success in Halifax despite an unprecedented smear campaign by its opponents. It is that recent attempts to soften the party's public image by the dropping of some key policies and by trying to curry favour with certain ethnic minority groups has had absolutely nothing to do with its electoral victories. No 'soft' image was ever possible in this election, with all the vicious opposition propaganda. Of course, BNP activists conducted themselves with courtesy and restraint as they spoke to the voters - just as they have



THE USUAL ANTI-BRITISH RABBLE The lollipop brigade of the Anti-Nazi League (ANAL) is seen here parading through the streets of Halifax trying to persuade the voters to reject the BNP. It failed dismally.

done since the early 1990s and before. But the abuse and defamation by the left still maintained the image of hard-line 'racists'. Notwithstanding all this, the BNP won. It won because of an excellent and hardfought local campaign by Adrian Marsden and his team, and - perhaps above all - it won because public opinion in Britain, particularly in areas like Halifax, is moving rapidly in the party's direction. The people have had enough - of multi-racialism, of asylum-seekers, of crime and (not least) of the old-gang politicians. This is what is bringing victories and bigger votes every-

Spearhead passes on its heartiest congratulations to Adrian Marsden and his coworkers for this splendid result!

The beating up: was it government-inspired?

enden, Adrian Marsden was garaging his car at night when he was confronted by two men who appeared out of the shadows. One held him in a headlock which suggested professional training and warned him that if he struggled his neck would be broken; meanwhile the other punched him several times about the head and

From Councillor Marsden's account, the two men were about six feet tall, one powerfully built and the other of about medium build. From their voices they did not seem local, nor did they have the appearance or demeanour of typical left-wingers.

The opinion of Yorkshire BNP officials, and one which could very likely have substance, is that these men were hirelings of the government security services. Whether they would have been directly employed as such or simply doing a job on contract is a detail. It all sounds ominously like the attack made on former BNP press off-

ONLY a short time after his spectacular victory in Mix- icer Michael Newland at his home in London back in 1994. That was at a time when the BNP had only quite recently won a council by-election in the Isle of Dogs. A group called at the door wearing uniform overalls and gained entry into the premises claiming to be 'pest control' officers engaged by the council, and they had a van outside with lettering indicating that function. The whole job was much too thoroughly professional to look like the work of the usual left-wing degenerates.

Some readers may be shocked at this suggestion that government agents in dear old 'free' and 'democratic' Britain could participate in such intimidatory tactics. They should not be. This kind of nastiness is well within the capacity of our rulers. The whole purpose is, of course, to discourage both Mr. Marsden and other would-be BNP election candidates from putting themselves forward in the future. The tactics will not, of course, succeed. BNP people are made of sterner stuff than those of the Lib/Lab/Con establishment.

Great fund-raising social

A fantastic London-wide fund-raising evening took place at an exclusive Central London venue in the heart of the Square Mile on Friday, 14th of February. The event took place to raise part of the £25,000 needed to

contest the London Mayoral and GLA elections in June of next year.

Chris Roberts, London & Essex regional organiser, did an absolutely magnificent job in organising this most enjoyable of evenings,

and all credit to him. 100 members and their wives and girlfriends packed the club, where a buffet was provided. Music (white popular) was played courtesy of a nationalist DJ.

The main attraction of the evening was the raffle-ticket draw. The first ticket was drawn by the founder of the BNP John Tyndall, and was won by Marie of Wimbledon ,who received a cheque for £200. Tess Culnane, the party's candidate for Downham, drew the next ticket, followed by Lewisham organiser Barry Roberts and then East London Organiser Jason Douglas. Chris then auctioned a vintage bottle of champagne, which reach £360.

A clear profit of £1,200 was made for the party's London election fund, and dancing and merry-making went on well into the evening. Everybody present agreed that this was a night to remember.



THE RAFFLE

Tess Culnane and John Tyndall are seen here drawing tickets. Chris Roberts is on left with mike.

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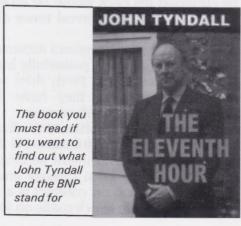
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The Eleventh Hour

The Eleventh Hour has been described as the 'Bible' of the British National Party. First published in 1988, the latest (1998) edition has been updated to take in the many new developments on the political scene occurring since. Written by the founder of the British National Party, John Tyndall, the book gives comprehensive coverage of all the major current issues affecting Britain. It delves into the ideologies of liberalism, conservatism and the left, and also examines that of British Nationalism and its background. It contains extensive analyses of the British economy and political system. It looks at issues connected with freedom and order, the mass media, the environment, race and immigration, Northern Ireland, the Commonwealth, foreign policy and defence. It also gives a detailed outline of the development of the BNP and its predecessor organisations in Britain.

The Eleventh Hour runs to 537 pages. It is partly autobiographical, giving an account of the author's origins, early political awakening and subsequent life's work.

Price: Hardback £25.00 plus £4.35 p&p; softback £17.50 plus £3.49 p&p. Please make out cheques to Albion Press and send to PO Box 2471, Hove, E. Sussex BN3 4DT.



BNP to fight Scottish Parliament seat

THE British National Party last month launched its campaign to contest a seat in the Scottish Parliament – the party's first-ever such bid.

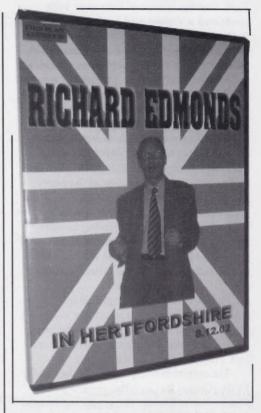
The party's candidate will be Peter Appleby, who will fight the Glasgow Region. He said at a press conference on the 7th February that he would be standing on three fundamental principles: competence, responsibility and accountability – all of which are sadly lacking in the present Parliament.

The conference, which was attended

by BNP chairman Nick Griffin, was the target of attempted disruption by a gang of protesters from the 'Anti-Nazi League' (ANAL). The demonstrators managed to cause sufficient a nuisance to force the management of the hotel premises, a Holiday Express Inn in nearby Bathgate, to throw everyone out, including the BNP, and the proceedings were thereupon continued in a layby in the open air outside. The expulsion from the hotel will, we hear, be contested in the courts.

The BNP is, of course, well used to this

kind of attempted denial of its rights and will not be deterred from its campaign. The launch won big publicity in the media in Scotland and nationwide.



Richard Edmonds is a former British National Party National Organiser. He has been an active nationalist for more than 25 years and a frequent candidate and speaker. He insisted on remaining in the Welling Bookshop when it was under siege in 1994. This 29-minute CD provides the opportunity to hear a man who stands at the vibrant heart of British Nationalism. The occasion is the great BNP meeting in Cheshunt, Herts., on December 8th 2002.

Every donor of £10.00 to our church will receive a copy.

Write to:-

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Burnley BNP and Holocaust Remembrance: our view

TWO Burnley BNP councillors, Carol Hughes and Terry Grogan, laid a wreath locally on the recently instituted Holocaust Remembrance Day on the 26th January. This action has invited a certain amount of negative comment from nationalists on internet notice boards, who have maintained that the gesture was tantamount to an acknowledgement of a gigantic historical lie.

Burnley BNP issued a press statement for the occasion, which said:-

"Today, being the Holocaust Memorial Service, it is an opportunity in accordance with one of the aims of the day to reflect on recent atrocities that raise similar issues; one such example is the ongoing situation in Zimbabwe. Effectively, there is a concerted campaign to rid the country of a particular section of the country, i.e. the white community, which is being systematically butchered, intimidated and brutalised because of the colour of their skin. Also, in line with despots of the past, including Hitler and Stalin, people are being persecuted because of the colour of their political affiliations. This tyranny and denial of basic human rights cannot be allowed to continue without the international community taking action to prevent more bloodshed, and today is an opportunity to bring to the attention of the wider community in Burnley the actions of this modern-day Hitler, Robert Mugabe.

"We acknowledge the need to remember the horrors of 1930s/40s Germany. Many of our members fought against the menace of Nazi Germany and, more recently, Councillor Grogan fought to expel a fascist régime that attempted to take control of

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British soil in the Falklands in 1982. Councillor Grogan will be laying flowers on behalf of the party to show our acknowledgement for the Memorial day, and there is hope that the horrors of the Holocaust will not be hijacked in an attempt to discredit our party, which would bring shame on this day. We also feel, as well as reflecting on past horrors and abuses of power, it is important to reflect on the ongoing ones in these modern times."

Spearhead's editor has been asked for an opinion on this matter. Our opinion is that, since the councillors were invited by the local Mayor to join the ceremony, they had absolutely no option but to accept - a refusal would have been highly publicised locally, and possibly nationally, and would have done the BNP great political damage. The party has to address itself to the practical politics of our times, and must not allow its present objectives in this regard to be jeopardised by arguments over matters of history, however justifiable some may believe those arguments to be. The councillors made the best of a difficult situation by extending the concept of Holocaust remembrance to cover other times, other crimes and other peoples besides the Jews. This was absolutely right. Some may argue with some of the wording of the Burnley BNP press statement, and this we can understand; but it does not detract from the basic correctness of the local party's decision to attend the ceremony and lay the wreath. Those who attack this decision need to dwell in the real world.

SPEARHEAD SUPPORT FUND

Income from the sales of our magazine is not enough to cover full production and administrative costs. We therefore rely on regular donations from our supporters so that we may remain solvent.

Also, because of the controversial nature of the opinions expressed in these columns, it is impossible to induce wholesale distributers to handle the magazine. Hence our need for additional financial support.

Please send all contributions to *Spearhead*, PO Box 2471, Hove, East Sussex BN3 4DT. Please note that receipts are not normally sent for donations of less than £10 unless specifically requested – in which case an SAE would be much appreciated. Thanks.

A look behind the gutter press

Who is lying to the public and why? asks ALAN BEDFORD

THE Sunday Mirror of February 16th contained a vicious and hysterical report on **British National Party plans to contest 200** seats in this year's local government elections, referring to the party's candidates as 'hate-filled BNP thugs'. The report went on to allege 'strong-arm' tactics planned by the party to win support - a strange way for a party to make itself popular with the voters! It claimed 'death-threats' by the BNP made to a Labour MP in Reading without the slightest evidence. It quoted a self-proclaimed ex-member of the party (unidentified of course!) as saying that the BNP creates racial divisions in an area then "rides back into town" offering to solve them. The allegedly threatened Labour MP was quoted as saying: "The BNP is not a democratic party - it is a criminal conspir-

People shocked and disgusted by this dishonest gutter journalism might like to know a little about the *Sunday Mirror* and the huge press and publishing empire of which it is a part. Here are a few details.

The empire is today known as the Trinity Mirror Group. Its Chairman is Sir Victor Blank, who is Jewish. The group was formed when the Trinity Plc. publishing group acquired their rival, Mirror Group Plc., in September 1999. Trinity Mirror employes 14,000 people and is the largest newspaper publisher in Britain, with over 250 titles. Among national-circulation papers, it publishes the Daily Mirror, which had an average daily circulation of 2,127,115 in the six-month period to June 2002; the Sunday Mirror, with an average circulation of 1,778,075; The Sunday People, with an average circulation of 1,336,670; the daily Racing Post, with an average circulation of 83,153; the Scottish Daily Record, with an average circulation of 567,270; and the Scottish Sunday Mail, with

THE ELEMENTS OF BRITISH NATIONALISM

(Contd. from prev. page)

to demonstrate personal commitment to their fulfilment. The loyalty that costs nothing is worth nothing; and there is no honour without loyalty. Self-indulgence is no escape from the forces now threatening our nation's survival; so those not prepared to defend their heritage will very soon lose it.

Speaking for ourselves, we love our country and cherish its people and heritage above all else. Those who revile our politics as 'xenophobic bigotry' need reminding that charity, that greatest of all virtues, begins at home.

an average circulation of 669,651.

Trinity Mirror is the largest publisher of regional papers in Britain. Its principal regionals include the Western Mail in Cardiff, South Wales Echo and Wales on Sunday; the Paisley Daily Express in Scotland; the Daily Post and the Echo in Liverpool; the Journal, the Evening Chronicle and the Sunday Sun in Newcastle; the Evening Mail, the Post and Sunday Mercury in Birmingham; the Evening

the United Jewish Israel Appeal, as well as a member of the Israel-Britain Business Council. The UJIA explain their reason for existence as follows:-

"Our Vision is that future generations of Jews will be proud and knowledgeable members of the Jewish People, committed to our unique heritage and to the eternity of Israel. [...] An educational experience of Israel can have an extraordinary impact on a young person,



THE HARUM-SCAREM HEADLINE

This is how the Sunday Mirror reported the BNP's local government election plans

Telegraph in Coventry; the daily Examiner in Huddersfield; the Chester Chronicle in Chester; and the Loughborough Echo in Leicestershire. It has almost 200 other locals. It also publishes the free Metro range of commuter papers.

Trinity Mirror also publishes 50 magazines. It has 50 websites, which had 58 million hits in July 2000. It circulates about 15 million nationals per week and has an unduplicated average readership of its regional titles of 9.3 million. Trinity Mirror boasts that at least 34 per cent of the adult British and Irish population will read at least one of its nationals and 22 per cent of its regionals per week. It boasts that nearly half the population reads at least one of its titles, be it a paper or magazine. In 2001 the Group had sales of £31,641 million.

Victor Blank was appointed Chairman of Mirror Group Plc in July 1998 and retained the position after the merger with Trinity Plc. This multi-millionaire is one of New Labour's favoured fat cats and was 'knighted' in 1999 on Tony Blair's recommendation. He is a member of the Chancellor's Court of Benefactors and was Chairman of Charterhouse Bank from 1985-97. He is also President of Great Universal Stores, which owns the Argos Retail Group, with 490 stores, being the UK's largest multi-channel retailer with over 20 million customers; Burberry; and Kays Catalogue.

Blank is an active Zionist and is a board member of the militant Zionist organisation

strengthening their Jewish identity and bond with Israel. UJIA supports long-term and short-term Israel Experience programmes run through various Jewish youth organisations."

The UKIA has 80 ongoing projects in Israel, and is particularly active amongst what it calls the 'Confrontation Line communities' in the north, to which it likes to take young Jews from Britain to reinforce their 'Jewish identity'.

One such young Jew speaks of an 'Israel Experience' as the introduction to the UJIA's Annual Review for 2000:-

"When I got back to London after my gap year in Israel I sat in a park near where I live and thought about the fact that over there everyone around me was Jewish and shared a sense of belonging. My year in Israel was probably the best year of my life, and my Jewish identity and feeling for Israel are much stronger now than they have ever been. [...] I felt a really strong connection with the history of our people. I think this gives me a very strong basis for my Jewish identity."

How different to the 'multi-cultural' conditioning and 'diversity' that the media in Britain wish to give to young Britons!

'JUNIUS' COLUMN

Our very popular 'Junius' column, which normally appears monthly on page 23, has had to be suspended this month because the writer has been in hospital for an operation. He should be back for the April issue.